

# Residential Care Services for Children

Tabled 26 March 2014

#### Background

- On any given day there are around 500 children in residential care in Victoria.
- Residential care involves placing a small number of children—usually no more than four—together in a house with paid staff who provide 24 hour care.
- Children are generally between 12 and 17 years old, although there are some children who are under 12.
- Children have experienced traumatic circumstances and exhibit challenging behaviour.

2



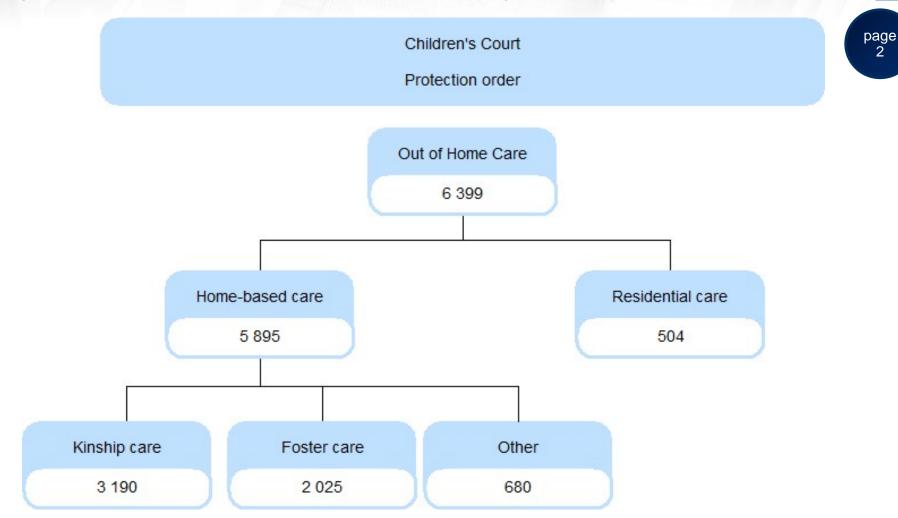
Snapshot of children in residential care

## On 30 June 2013:

- 504 children in residential care
- 211 girls and 293 boys
- average age of 14 years
- 65 children under 12 years
- average age of nine when first placed in Out of Home Care (OOHC)
- almost half with a sibling.



#### Types of care: Out of Home Care system as at 30 June 2013 4



*Source:* Victorian Auditor-General's Office based on Productivity Commission Report on Government Services (2014) data.

#### Audit objective

To examine the effectiveness of the Department of Human Services' residential care services for children.

In particular, we looked at whether:

- children are in appropriate residential care that meets their needs, including safety, stability and personal development
- the residential care system is subject to effective oversight and review:
  - there is effective oversight of the children's wellbeing
  - the department supports service providers to adapt and share good practice to meet children's needs.

Victorian Auditor-General's Office

VAGO Victorian Auditor-General's Office

#### Audit scope and methodology

- The audit focused on the department's planning, monitoring and oversight activities for residential care services.
- We did **not** look at kinship or foster care.
- We collected evidence from a range of sources including:
  - departmental documents
  - interviews
  - focus group discussions
  - site visits
  - case file reviews.

page 6

#### Conclusions

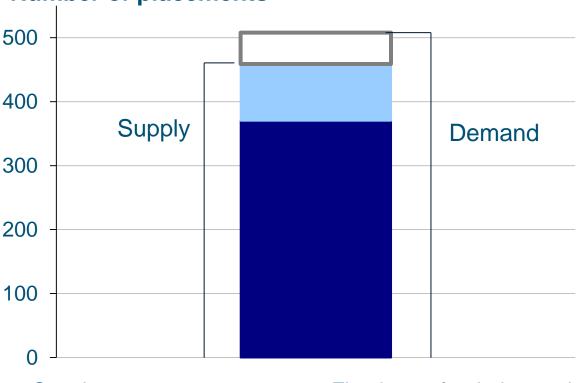
- The system is unable to respond to the level of demand or the growing complexity of children's needs.
- The department is paying a premium to place children in residential care outside the planned capacity of the system.
- Outcomes for children in residential care are poor across a range of indicators.

page



#### Findings – The system is operating over capacity

- Operating over capacity means the department needs to fund additional places and pay more to service providers for staff time and other costs.
- In 2012–13, the department planned for 459 residential care placements.
- However, the audit found an average of 508 children in residential care on any given day.



#### Number of placements

Supply gap

Ongoing funded capacity

Fixed-term funded capacity

page xi



#### Findings – Residential care costs are significant

- Residential care services cost over \$100 million annually.
- In 2013–14, the annual cost of a residential care placement ranges from \$162 880 for an intermediate placement, to \$308 028 for a complex therapeutic placement.
- Some placements for children with highly complex needs cost up to \$1 million.
- In 2012–13, the department purchased additional placements at a cost of \$24 million.



#### Findings – Inadequate monitoring and staff models

Performance monitoring is inadequate:

- The department does not systematically monitor outcomes for the whole residential care population.
- Service providers report on outputs not outcomes.

Residential care staff need to be better trained, qualified and supported:

- There are no mandatory qualifications.
- There is a high percentage of casual staff.
- There is a high turnover of staff.
- Staff members often work alone on a shift until handover.

page xii



#### Findings – Children's needs are not always being met

- A shortage of beds affects placement decision-making—this can affect a child's safety, stability and reduce opportunities to achieve positive outcomes.
- Children in residential care have a disproportionately high number of critical incidents.
- There was a 49 per cent increase in the number of Category One incidents reported in residential care from 2011–12 to 2012–13.
  - This was due largely to absent/missing person reports.
- Children who abscond are at risk of sexual exploitation.

page

xii



#### Category one incidents in residential care, 2009–13 12 page 10 **Number** Per cent 1 000 100 800 80 600 60 400 40 20 200 $\mathbf{0}$ 2011-12 2009-10 2010-11 2012 - 13

Incidents in residential care

Incidents in residential care as a percentage of all OOHC incidents



#### Findings – Children's needs are not always being met

Children in therapeutic residential care have better outcomes than children in the standard model of care partly because:

- staff have access to a therapeutic specialist
- placement is planned which enables children to be carefully placed with other children.

There is no independent body that advocates for, or hears the complaints of, individual children.

**Recommendations** 



Accept

# That the Department of Human Services:

- 1. establishes alternative affordable models with sufficient flexibility to cater for the varying and complex needs of children
- 2. actively promotes to children in residential care the processes for making a complaint; and investigates the feasibility of establishing an independent advocacy role to support children in residential care
- 3. develops performance measures for delivery of residential care services for children to meet legislative requirements and outcomes for children.



#### 15

Accept

#### **Recommendations – continued**

That the Department of Human Services:

- ensures that residential care staff have the 4. necessary skills, qualifications, training and support to work effectively with children and their families
- identifies systems and processes for collecting 5. and analysing information which better meet the department's compliance, assurance and reporting needs
- reviews existing demand forecasting approaches 6. and develops plans for the capacity that is actually required.



**Other relevant VAGO audits** 

## Past audit

Our children are our future: Improving outcomes for children and young people in Out of Home Care (2005)

## Future audit

Early intervention for children at risk

#### **Contact details**



# For further information on this presentation please contact:

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