

Accessing Emergency Funding to Meet Urgent Claims

November 2020

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Independent assurance report to Parliament 2020–21: 8

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Accessing Emergency Funding to Meet Urgent Claims

Independent assurance report to Parliament Ordered to be published

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The Hon Nazih Elasmar MLC President Legislative Council Parliament House Melbourne The Hon Colin Brooks MP Speaker Legislative Assembly Parliament House Melbourne

Dear Presiding Officers

Under the provisions of the Audit Act 1994, I transmit my report Accessing Emergency Funding to Meet Urgent Claims.

Yours faithfully

alle

Andrew Greaves Auditor-General

24 November 2020

The Victorian Auditor-General's Office acknowledges Australian Aboriginal peoples as the traditional custodians of the land throughout Victoria. We pay our respect to all Aboriginal communities, their continuing culture and to Elders past, present and emerging.

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Review snapshot

Have government departments met their legislative obligations when accessing emergency funding?

Why this review is important

The Treasurer's Advance gives parliamentary and legal authority to the government to access funds to meet urgent expenditure claims.

By its nature, it is not aligned to any agency or output. Consequently, it is not subject to the parliamentary scrutiny that applies to the rest of the budget before it is spent.

Instead, Parliament can only authorise its use after any funds are spent. Due to this, there should be strong processes and controls over access to this funding and clear accountability to Parliament and the community on its use.

What we examined

We performed a limited assurance review engagement under section 20 of the *Audit Act 1994*.

We reviewed Treasurer's Advance payments to departments, which were disclosed in the state's 2019–20 Annual Financial Report.

Our review examined:

- the adequacy of the processes that departments used to request and gain access to the Treasurer's Advance for 2019–20
- evidence that those processes operated for selected advances, which represent over
 59 per cent of the value of the 2019–20 approvals.

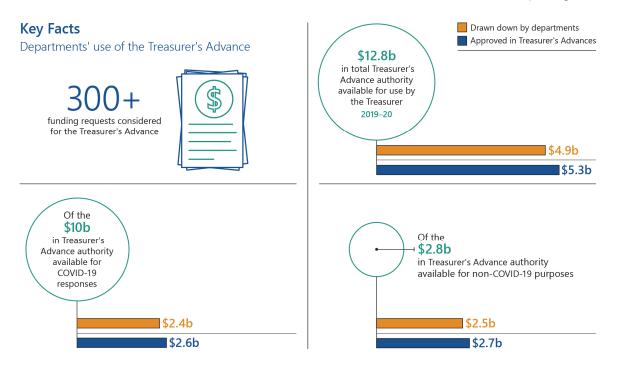
What we concluded

Nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that, in all material respects, there were any advances made for the period 1 July 2019 to 30 June 2020 that:

- were not approved by the Treasurer
- did not meet the criteria established in the Appropriation Acts that they were urgent claims that arose before Parliamentary sanction was obtained.

What we recommend

We recommend process improvements and also greater transparency in disclosing Treasurer's Advance spending.



What we found and recommend

We consulted with the relevant agencies subject to this review and considered their views when reaching our conclusions. Their full responses are in Appendix A.

Following documented processes and controls

Most Treasurer's Advance approvals for 2019–20 did not result from requests specifically seeking Treasurer's Advance funding

Typically, most Treasurer's Advance approvals resulted from funding requests that were considered and approved by the government where the Treasurer's Advance was identified as the source of funding after the event.

In this review we examined 33 funding requests out of around 300 and found that:

- the Department of Treasury and Finance (DTF) provided evidence to support all funding requests and its assessments of these requests
- 12 of these requests followed the process outlined in the Resource Management Framework (RMF) for Treasurer's Advance requests. We noted some exceptions where not all the mandatory information requirements were explicitly addressed
- the other 21 requests were initiated as general funding requests where the Treasurer's Advance was subsequently identified as the appropriate funding source after the event.

The RMF does not explicitly require all requests or approvals to be processed under its requirements and the Appropriation Acts and the *Financial Management Act 1994* (FMA) do not specify any process or requirements for accessing the Treasurer's Advance.

Because most requests funded by Treasurer's Advances did not follow the RMF process, and therefore the key requirements specified in the RMF did not apply, there was less clarity about matters like urgency in these requests and in DTF's advice and recommendations to the Treasurer.

All Treasurer's Advances disclosed in the state's *Annual Financial Report 2019–20* (AFR) were approved by the Treasurer as Treasurer's Advances. While most requests were not initiated to seek access to the Treasurer's Advance, they ended as such and were approved accordingly.

The **RMF** process applies where a minister or department submits a request to the Treasurer specifically seeking access to Treasurer's Advance funding. The RMF sets out the mandatory requirements for such requests, including the need to address if the funding requests relate to urgent and unforeseen matters.

DTF has accepted that funding requests are 'urgent' when there is no alternative appropriation funding

DTF advised us that it is a long-standing practice to accept funding requests as urgent when recommending the use of Treasurer's Advance.

This is because after the annual Appropriation Act is passed:

- any additional funding approved by the government that is over and above the amounts appropriated for departments is deemed 'urgent'
- any additional in-year funding that the government approves for a department, is funded from the Treasurer's Advance, unless there is an obvious alternative funding source available.

DTF's practice of referring to the annual Appropriation Act's purpose 'to meet urgent claims that may arise before parliamentary sanction is obtained' instead of applying a literal definition of 'urgent' when assessing funding requests is appropriate.

Consistent with DTF's advice to the Treasurer, this is because not supporting the recommended Treasurer's Advance allocations would result in departments breaching the *Constitution Act 1975* and the annual Appropriation Act by drawing funds from the Consolidated Fund without authority.

For the funding requests we examined, DTF's assessments did not always explicitly address the urgency of the funding request at its initial approval, even where it was an RMF request. However, DTF did address urgency as part of its advice to the Treasurer on the final funding requirements and requests for the Treasurer's Advance in June 2020.

Some requests did not address the RMF requirement of being 'unforeseen'

DTF advised that in the context of assessing requests for the Treasurer's Advance, 'unforeseen' should be interpreted to mean that an item was not included in an appropriation bill in that year, irrespective of the reason for exclusion. 'Unforeseen' is not defined by what government should have known about an issue at the time of making a decision, or when the Treasurer approves a Treasurer's Advance.

Some funding requests did not meet the RMF requirement of being 'unforeseen' because they provided ongoing budget supplementation rather than one-off funding for unforeseen events.

From the selection of requests we reviewed, the Treasurer's Advance of \$121.3 million provided to support Victoria Police operations in 2019–20 continued a pattern established in recent years where Treasurer's Advance funding is used for this purpose. It would be beneficial for DTF to undertake an annual review of the nature of expenditure that the Treasurer's Advance supports to identify opportunities to minimise its use for reasonably foreseeable spending. An annual review could also monitor and advise on any underlying budgeting, financial management or cost pressures that may contribute to the need for such requests.

Approval and authorisation

Treasurer's Advance payments disclosed in the AFR were within parliamentary authority and approved by the Treasurer.

Before COVID-19 was declared a pandemic in early 2020, the government had \$2.8 billion in Treasurer's Advance funding available under the *Appropriation (2019–2020) Act 2019* to meet departments' urgent claims in 2019–20.

Parliament responded to the pandemic by approving an additional \$24.5 billion in Treasurer's Advance funding—\$10 billion for 2019–20 and \$14.5 billion for 2020–21—under the *Appropriation (Interim Act) 2020*, largely intended to support the government's public health, social and economic responses.

Of the \$5.3 billion in Treasurer's Advances approved by the Treasurer for 2019–20, \$4.9 billion was used. Of this, only \$2.4 billion was used for the government's COVID-19 response.

We saw no evidence that payments from the Treasurer's Advance were more than the relevant approvals.

Transparency and accountability

The Treasurer's Advance disclosures in the AFR are complete, accurate and fairly represent performance

Accountability for use of the Treasurer's Advances is achieved by disclosing details of payments to departments against these advances in the state's AFR for the year, and also in the subsequent Annual Appropriation Act.

DTF provided transparency in the AFR by separately disclosing if individual Treasurer's Advance items for 2019–20 were attributable to the government's COVID-19 response.

The payments shown in the AFR against individual Treasurer's Advances reflects advice from departments to DTF on the amounts that they actually drew down. DTF compares aggregate information relating to departments' drawdowns to relevant aggregate information entered by departments in the State Resource Information Management System (SRIMS), which is the state's central ledger system, to check if they match in aggregate.

Departments' chief finance officers provide a separate attestation to DTF to confirm that all amounts included in SRIMS are consistent with their audited accounts. However, departments' accounts do not typically include separate disclosures that show the actual amounts spent against Treasurer's Advances.

According to the RMF, **SRIMS** supports DTF in its 'head office' role to provide the government with financial and performance information from departments and agencies. This information supports whole-of-government decision-making and accountability obligations.

In terms of actual expenditure:

- DTF does not seek confirmation from departments on their actual spending or commitments against individual Treasurer's Advance approvals
- departments disclose the total amount approved for all Treasurer's Advances as part of a note on compliance with annual parliamentary and special appropriations in their audited financial reports. However, they do not separately disclose their actual expenditure against Treasurer's Advances either individually or in aggregate.

Our limited assurance review did not extend to verifying that the funds reported as drawn down by departments were actually expended.

Departments could enhance transparency around Treasurer's Advance expenditure if their financial reports included separate disclosures on the amounts they spent against Treasurer's Advance initiatives.

This would also provide greater assurance that the amounts reported as drawn down were actually expended in the financial year. This is important because the Treasurer's Advance authority lapses at the end of each year and unused amounts cannot be carried forward.

Recommendations

| We recommend that: | | Response |
|---------------------------------------|---|--------------|
| Department of Treasury and Finance | updates the Resource Management Framework to: acknowledge that Treasurer's Advance funding approvals can initiate from multiple funding request pathways clarify what mandatory information is required with each funding request pathway | Accepted |
| | clarify the meaning of urgent and unforeseen in relation to requests for Treasurer's Advance funding | |
| | assesses whether all funding requests to be met with the Treasurer's Advance meet the mandatory requirements in the Resource Management Framework | Accepted |
| | discloses both the final in principle approval and drawn down values of Treasurer's Advances in the state's annual financial report | Not Accepted |
| | updates the Model Financial Report for Victorian Government Departments to require departments to separately disclose their actual expenditure against each approved Treasurer's Advance in their audited annual financial report. | Accepted |

1. Context for this review

Appropriation Acts give the Treasurer the legal authority to make payments from the state's Consolidated Fund.

An amount for the Treasurer's Advance is authorised in each annual Appropriation Act. This advance gives the government the necessary flexibility to meet funding needs that were not (or not fully) provided for when departments' annual appropriation authorities were set.

The unused balance of the advances approved for departments lapses at year end.

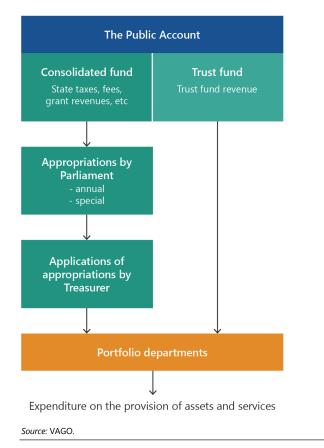
This chapter provides essential background information about:

- The legal framework for public finances
- The process requirements for Treasurer's Advance applications and approvals, including roles and responsibilities
- Our review objectives and approach

1.1 The legal framework that governs public finances

The *Constitution Act 1975*, annual Appropriation Acts and FMA provide the legislative framework for administering public finances, including the government's financial management and accountability obligations.

Figure 1A summarises the public finance and appropriations framework established by these Acts in Victoria.





Constitution Act 1975

The *Constitution Act 1975* outlines the framework that Parliament must operate within. It also includes important financial provisions that establish Parliament's role in controlling public finances. In particular, that:

"... all taxes, imposts, rates and duties and all territorial casual and other revenues of the Crown in right of the State of Victoria (including royalties) which the Parliament has power to appropriate shall form one Consolidated Revenue ...".

The Act also states that:

- this revenue can only be appropriated for specific purposes that Parliament directs through legislation
- the government cannot issue money from the consolidated fund unless authorised by warrants approved by the Governor.

With the FMA's complementary requirement, these provisions establish further constitutional control over the government's expenditure of consolidated revenue.

The Treasurer must prepare warrants, which are examined by the Auditor-General, to access money from the Consolidated Fund. These warrants determine if the requested funds are legally available. The Governor reviews and approves endorsed warrants.

Annual Appropriation Acts

The annual Appropriation Acts enable Parliament to exercise control over state finances by allocating public money to departments and the Treasurer.

The Appropriation Acts give the Treasurer the authority to issue funds from the Consolidated Fund for departments to:

- provide outputs, which involves producing or acquiring goods and services
- add to the net asset base, which involves acquiring or constructing assets or injecting capital funding
- make payments on behalf of the state, including transfer payments, central financing costs and other expenditure that is not directly related to the state's purchase of goods and services.

Appropriations are provided on an accrual basis and cover all costs incurred in providing services.

Appropriation amounts must be within the upper limits of authority specified for each department's appropriation. The Treasurer cannot exceed these limits without Parliament's authority.

Contingencies

Appropriation amounts may include contingency provisions. DTF manages central contingency funding for future expenditure to support:

- service growth
- new initiatives in future budgets
- cost pressures on capital projects
- urgent and unforeseen expenditure.

The Appropriation Acts also give the Treasurer the authority to issue:

- additional money out of the Consolidated Fund to meet increased salary and related costs that arise from legislation or determinations if departments' annual appropriations are insufficient to meet these costs
- funds from the Treasurer's Advance to meet departments' urgent claims for funding in excess of what the annual Appropriation Act authorises.

The **Consolidated Fund** is the account that all consolidated revenue is paid into.

Transfer payments are payments, such as grants or subsidies, to third parties outside of government for which no goods or services are provided in return.

The Treasurer's Advance

The appropriations schedule in the Annual Appropriation Acts includes a specific appropriation called the Treasurer's Advance, which is made available to the Treasurer as part of DTF's appropriation. The Treasurer's Advance enables the Treasurer 'to meet urgent claims that may arise before Parliamentary sanction is obtained, which will afterwards be submitted for Parliamentary authority'.

Parliamentary sanction, or approval, for Treasurer's Advance expenditure is obtained through tabling the subsequent financial year's annual Appropriation Bill. This bill includes a schedule with all payments made against the Treasurer's Advance in the previous financial year. Payments made against the Treasurer's Advance are also disclosed in the state's AFR.

The Treasurer's Advance gives the government the necessary flexibility to meet funding needs that were not (or not fully) provided for when the annual appropriation authorities for departments were set.

The number and value of Treasurer's Advances approved each year varies depending on the extent of urgent and unplanned for spending by departments.

Figure 1B shows the amounts advanced to the Treasurer under the annual Appropriation Acts since 2014–15. It also shows the aggregate of Treasurer's Advance payments to departments as disclosed in the state's AFR.

| Financial year | Authority for Treasurer's Advance (\$ million) | Authority as proportion of total appropriations (per cent) | Payments to departments (\$ million) | |
|--|--|---|--|------|
| 2014–15 | 681.1 | 1.65 | 325.5 | 0.79 |
| 2015–16 | 991.2 | 2.34 | 892.8 | 2.10 |
| 2016–17 | 2 219.4 | 4.47 | 1 571.2 | 3.16 |
| 2017–18 | 1 966.9 | 3.58 | 1 861.3 | 3.38 |
| 2018–19 | 2 148.5 | 3.59 | 1 753.7 | 2.93 |
| 2019–20: | | | | |
| Appropriation (2019–2020) Act 2019—non-COVID-19 Treasurer's Advances | 2 806.4 | 4.30 | 2 475.2 | 3.80 |
| Appropriation (Interim Act) 2020)— COVID-19 Treasurer's Advances | 10 000.0 | 27.73 | 2 423.7 | 6.72 |

FIGURE 1B: Treasurer's Advance authority and payments 2014–15 to 2019–20

Source: VAGO, based on relevant annual Appropriation Acts and the State of Victoria's AFRs.

Figure 1C shows that the value of Treasurer's Advances has increased as a proportion of total appropriations since 2014–15.

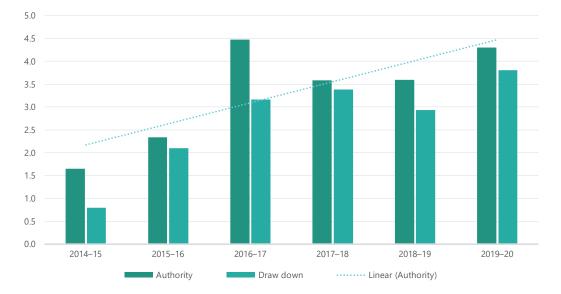


FIGURE 1C: The Treasurer's Advance as a percentage of annual appropriations

Note: The data for 2019–20 does not include the Treasurer's Advance authority for COVID-19-related purposes authorised in the Appropriation (Interim Act) 2020 because this was a response to unusual circumstances. Source: VAGO, using data extracted from the annual Appropriation Acts and the State of Victoria's AFRs.

Financial Management Act 1994

The FMA requires the government, departments and public bodies to soundly manage and be accountable for public sector financial resources. The FMA establishes:

- a framework for the government to budget, collect, spend and manage public money and other public resources
- a requirement for the government to table Budget Papers in Parliament as supplementary information to support the annual Appropriation Acts
- financial accountability responsibilities for the government and individual public sector agencies relating to administering and managing public resources.

The FMA's budget-management provisions do not deal with the Treasurer's Advance. However, they do include provisions that enable the government to make temporary advances to meet urgent claims.

Temporary advances

Section 35 of the FMA permits the Treasurer to make temporary advances—distinct from Treasurer's Advances under the Appropriation Acts—to meet urgent funding claims before obtaining parliamentary sanction. Total advances approved by the Treasurer under section 35 cannot exceed 0.5 per cent of the total amount appropriated by the annual Appropriation Act for each financial year.

These temporary advances are loans. In this respect they differ from Treasurer's Advances because all money advanced under section 35 must be paid back into the Public Account immediately once parliamentary sanction is obtained. In 2019–20, \$325.3 million was available under this provision.

The state's AFR for the year and the annual Appropriation Act for the subsequent year, which disclose the details of temporary advances, provide accountability for advances made by the Treasurer under section 35.

The Resource Management Framework

DTF issues the RMF to help departments understand and apply the legal and policy framework that underpins public sector resource management, budgeting and reporting processes.

The RMF is mandated for departments by the Assistant Treasurer's *Standing Directions 2018 under the Financial Management Act 1994.* These directions include mandatory requirements and guidance for departments on matters relating to the department funding model, objectives and outputs, appropriation funding, trust accounts, carryovers, reporting and other matters, including requests for the Treasurer's Advance.

Departments' accountable officers must attest to their compliance with the RMF's mandatory requirements as part of their annual compliance attestation against Victoria's financial management compliance obligations.

1.2 **Treasurer's Advance application and approval** process and related roles and responsibilities

Neither the Appropriation Acts nor the FMA specify any processes or requirements for accessing the Treasurer's Advance.

The RMF outlines the mandatory requirements for requesting a Treasurer's Advance when a minister is requesting budget supplementation directly from the Treasurer. It also describes DTF's role in assessing these requests and the Treasurer's role in approving them.

DTF advised that the RMF requirements do not apply to ministerial submissions to Cabinet and its committees. While there are prescribed templates and guides for ministerial submissions issued by the Cabinet Secretariat and DTF, these submissions can take many forms and can be based on what ministers consider appropriate for decision making. Many of these decisions would ultimately involve the use of the Treasurer's Advance.

The RMF's application pathway and requirements

The RMF states that:

- a minister may submit a letter of request to the Treasurer to apply for budget supplementation from the Treasurer's Advance
- DTF assesses each request and provides advice to the Treasurer
- the Treasurer determines whether to fund the request or not

As defined in section 42 of the FMA, **accountable officers** are public sector bodies' department heads and chief executive officers.

- the Treasurer's Advance may be applied to output or asset funding requests. This
 is determined by the Treasurer, who is informed by advice from DTF
- additional warrant authority, beyond that included in the warrant for the relevant budget, is not required to access the Treasurer's Advance.

The RMF also states that the Treasurer's Advance capacity is limited to the amount specified in the Appropriation Act. Due to this, the Treasurer only initially provides 'in-principle' approval for successful funding requests. DTF then reviews the final source of funding and confirms it with the Treasurer towards the end of the financial year. DTF considers the total capacity of the Treasurer's Advance and other available sources of departmental appropriation authority during this review.

As Figure 1D shows, the RMF requires Treasurer's Advance applicants to submit a documented request that contains specified minimum information, including the reasons for the request and if it is urgent and unforeseen.

FIGURE 1D: RMF mandatory information requirements

Managing requests for the Treasurer's Advance When a department intends to request access to the Treasurer's Advance its accountable officer must ensure that the request is discussed with DTF, including the amount of funding sought, before preparing any correspondence for the request.

The relevant minister must then submit a letter to the Treasurer that includes:

- the reasons for the funding request, including whether the request is urgent and unforeseen
- the amount of the funding sought
- confirmation that there are no other sources available to fund the request
- how the funding request aligns with the government's objectives
- adjustments to output and financial performance targets arising from the request
- funding variations previously approved by the Treasurer or the relevant Cabinet committee for the program or output seeking the advance.

Reporting on Treasurer's Advance expenditure

Departments must report all expenses and obligations that they applied a Treasurer's Advance to in the financial year that the advance was made in.

Restrictions on the Treasurer's Advance

Any unapplied component of a Treasurer's Advance lapses at the end of the year. Accountable officers are not permitted to carry over a Treasurer's Advance to the following year.

Source: The RMF effective from 1 July 2019.

The RMF also includes non-mandatory requirements for DTF and the Treasurer on assessing, determining and advising departments on Treasurer's Advance requests.

Application and approval process

The RMF outlines a clear process for submitting, assessing and determining ministerial Treasurer's Advance requests.

The requests that specifically seek access to the Treasurer's Advance in the first instance are typically for funding responses to unforeseen events. This could include natural disasters and public health or other emergencies that require government interventions, and other urgent funding needs that were not foreseen when setting departmental budgets.

However, not all requests that the Treasurer's Advance funds follow the processes described in the RMF. This is because ministers also submit requests for funding without first identifying an appropriation source. Such requests may be for:

- supplementary funding for existing activities
- new funding for new initiatives
- accessing funds held by DTF in contingency, which typically represent amounts that the government has approved but not released in previous funding decisions. Departments need to apply to justify releasing these funds.

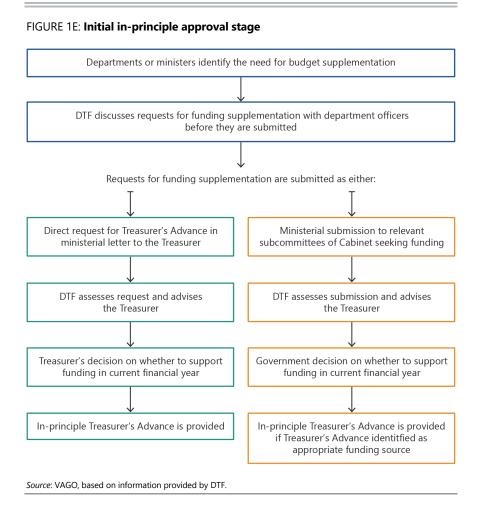
The government considers and approves these funding requests with supporting advice from DTF as part of its usual decision-making processes. The Treasurer's Advance is identified as the source of funding after the event.

Initial in-principle approval

Because Treasurer's Advance capacity is limited to the amount specified in the annual Appropriation Act, the Treasurer only initially approves successful funding requests in principle.

Figure 1E shows the initial 'in principle' approval stage of the Treasurer's Advance application and approval process as it is applied in practice. This stage applies to:

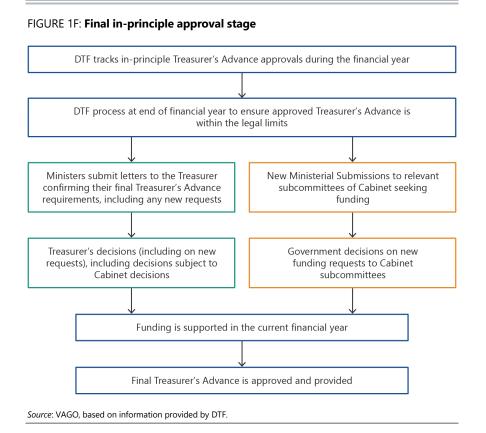
- funding requests that are designated as requests for the Treasurer's Advance from the outset and follow the process set out in the RMF
- general funding requests that are met from the Treasurer's Advance but do not follow the process set out in the RMF.



DTF records decisions on the Treasurer's in-principle approvals of Treasurer's Advance requests and the government's funding decisions. The Treasurer writes to the relevant Minister on the in-principle outcome of direct requests for Treasurer's Advances.

Final in-principle approval

As Figure 1F shows, DTF reviews the final funding source and the Treasurer confirms it after the end of the financial year. DTF and the Treasurer consider the total Treasurer's Advance capacity and other available funding sources through departmental appropriation authority during this stage.



DTF advised that this final approval stage remains in-principle and represents the upper limit of funding available until departments confirm their final drawdowns against each Treasurer's Advance. It is these final drawn down, or payment, amounts against each Treasurer's Advance that are disclosed in the state's AFR and are approved by the Treasurer. The final amount drawn down is the final amount approved for each Treasurer's Advance.

Special circumstances that impacted the Treasurer's Advance process during the 2020 COVID-19 pandemic

Special circumstances applied during 2019–20 because the Treasurer's Advance was available through two different Appropriation Acts:

- the Appropriation (2019–2020) Act 2019, which allocated \$2.8 billion in Treasurer's Advances to meet urgent funding requests from departments and agencies in 2019–20 before the COVID-19 pandemic emerged in early 2020
- the Appropriation (Interim) Act 2020, which authorised a further \$10 billion in Treasurer's Advances in 2019–20, largely intended to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic.

In addition, several government decisions were still to be made in late June 2020 when DTF was preparing the year-end brief to the Treasurer on Treasurer's Advance funding. This meant that DTF needed to ensure that its recommendations to the

Treasurer included the amounts subject to further government decisions and that total amounts remained within the available Treasurer's Advance capacity under each authority.

Figure 1G shows the Treasurer's Advance and other amounts authorised and allocated for 2019–20. In this review we focused on the Treasurer's Advance.

FIGURE 1G: Treasurer's Advance and other funding: 2019–20

| | Authority available (\$ million) | Amounts allocated (\$ million) | Purpose |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Treasurer's Advance in place pre-COVID-19 (per <i>Appropriation (2019–2020) Act</i> <i>2019</i>) | 2 806.4 | 2 475.2 | Non-COVID-19 related |
| Additional Treasurer's Advance for COVID-19 responses (per <i>Appropriation (Interim) Act</i> 2020) | 10 000.0 | 2 423.7 | COVID-19 related |
| Funding available under section 35 of the FMA | 325.3 | 287.3 | Various |
| Total | 13 131.7 | 5 186.2 | |

Source: VAGO, based on information provided by DTF.

We provide more detailed information on Treasurer's Advance funding applied for, approved and used in 2019–20 in Appendix D.

1.3 **Review objective and approach**

We undertook a limited assurance review engagement under section 20 of the *Audit Act 1994* to determine whether government departments met their legislative obligations when accessing emergency funding in 2019–20.

A review engagement provides meaningful assurance, but less assurance than an audit. Our review examined:

- the adequacy of the processes that departments used to request and gain access to the Treasurer's Advance for 2019–20
- evidence that those processes operated for selected advances, which represent over 59 per cent of the value of the 2019–20 approvals.

We provide more detail on our review in Appendix C.

2. Application, assessment and approval

Conclusion

We found no evidence that the processes for accessing and allocating the Treasurer's Advance in 2019–20 were inconsistent with legislation.

Most Treasurer's Advances did not result from requests that specifically sought funding from the Treasurer's Advance.

While this is consistent with legislation, it means that the RMF's mandatory documentation requirements for Treasurer's Advance requests, including that they address if they are urgent and unforeseen, are not always made explicit. This does not mean that there is non-compliance with the RMF, but there would be benefits if all funding requests that are intended to be met from Treasurer's Advance are assessed against the RMF requirements.

This chapter discusses:

- The process for accessing the Treasurer's Advance and how it could be improved
- DTF's assessments and advice to the Treasurer on the Treasurer's Advance in 2019–20
- How DTF interpreted and applied the 'urgent' and 'unforeseen' criteria

2.1 Background

As discussed in Chapter 1, the FMA and Appropriation Acts do not specify any processes or requirements for accessing the Treasurer's Advance.

The RMF includes mandatory requirements for funding requests that specifically seek access to the Treasurer's Advance. It also describes DTF's and the Treasurer's role in assessing and approving these requests.

In this review we examined 33 funding requests that represented \$2.8 billion, or 58 per cent, of Treasurer's Advance payments in 2019–20.

For these advances, we sought evidence of:

- the initial funding requests, including funding requests that both specifically sought access to the Treasurer's Advance and funding requests that initially did not
- DTF's assessments and advice that supported the initial, or primary, funding decisions
- DTF's advice and the Treasurer's decisions on:
 - the initial in-principle Treasurer's Advance funding approvals in June and July 2020
 - the final in-principle Treasurer's Advance funding approvals in September 2020.

2.2 Funding request applications

The RMF's mandatory information requirements, which we outline in Figure 1D, only apply when a funding request specifically seeks access to the Treasurer's Advance from the Treasurer.

DTF advised us that in practice, Treasurer's Advance approvals arise from:

- budget decisions on general funding requests as part of Cabinet subcommittees' decision-making processes
- releasing centrally held contingencies that the government and/or the Treasurer can approve
- requests for Treasurer's Advances, which the Treasurer determines under the RMF process.

Budget decisions on general funding requests as part of Cabinet subcommittees' decision-making processes

DTF told us that general funding requests, or budget bids, are not required to identify an appropriation source and are assessed on their own policy merits. DTF scrutinises the costing and proposed phasing of expenditure, including whether requested funding is likely to be spent in the current year. General funding requests that are met with the Treasurer's Advance but do not follow the RMF process can arise where departments require funding:

- for purposes that were anticipated but require funding over and above the appropriated amounts, which the government approved without specifying a funding source
- to implement new government-approved services or asset initiatives that were not provided for in the Appropriation Act but have financial implications in the current year
- to access contingency amounts provided for in previous funding decisions by the government., which is common for major capital projects. DTF controls a central pool of contingency funding
- to respond to unforeseen events, such as natural disasters and public health or other emergencies that require government interventions.

Once the government agrees to provide additional funding to a department in the current year, it is assumed that this will be funded from the Treasurer's Advance unless a more appropriate funding source is identified.

Releasing centrally held contingencies

To request funds held in central contingency, ministers or departments must seek access to contingency funding that has been approved in a previous government decision.

While contingency funding requests still require approval by the Treasurer, they follow a simpler approval process. This process usually requires departments to demonstrate that they have met certain criteria before the funding is released.

DTF and/or the Treasurer may designate such funding releases as Treasurer's Advances.

Requests for Treasurer's Advances

DTF advised us that the RMF requirements for Treasurer's Advance requests are:

- intended to address requests for urgent and unforeseen funding needs that do
 not go through a government decision-making body, such as a Cabinet
 subcommittee, and are not related to centrally held contingencies
- not applicable for assessing budget bids that come through central government or requests to access funds held in central contingency.

Funding requests we examined

Twelve of the 33 Treasurer's Advance requests we examined followed the RMF process for Treasurer's Advance requests. The other 21 were general funding requests.

DTF was able to provide documentation and information to support all funding requests. This evidence clearly demonstrated that DTF assessed and advised on all requests and that general funding requests were considered by the government, with the Treasurer deciding on requests that specifically sought access to the Treasurer's Advance.

For the requests we examined that followed the RMF process, we noted exceptions where some requests did not explicitly address all of the mandatory information requirements set out in the RMF.

For example, the Minister for Energy, Environment and Climate Change's request for \$390 million in Treasurer's Advance funding to cover the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning (DELWP), Department of Jobs, Precincts and Regions (DJPR), Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS), Department of Justice and Community Safety's (DJCS) and portfolio entities expenditure incurred during the emergency response to the 2019–20 bushfire season did not meet all of the mandatory requirements for Treasurer's Advance applications. Specifically:

- the request letter did not include an explicit reason why the spending was urgent and unforeseen
- the letter did not directly reference or confirm that DELWP or the other departments and agencies had reviewed and exhausted other funding sources for the request
- the letter did not address any adjustments to output and financial performance targets arising from the request.

However, we accept that, in substance, DELWP established the urgency of the spending, which was the subject of this request. The request clearly referenced the challenging and unprecedented bushfire season and DELWP's role in responding to the state of disaster declared between 3 January and 11 January 2020.

DELWP asserted that the spending had already occurred as part of its immediate and direct responses to the bushfires. We also accept that the 'unforeseen' element was satisfied due to the significance of the bushfire events and related expenditure.

DTF advised us that DELWP discussed the lack of alternative funding sources with it before formally submitting the request.

COVID-19 funding requests that did not follow the RMF process

A number of the 21 general funding requests we examined that did not follow the RMF process were for government responses to COVID-19. These significant requests, which included the Business Support Fund and funding for the hotel quarantine program, were initially considered and approved by the government and subsequently met by Treasurer's Advance approvals.

Our review confirmed that DTF assessed and made recommendations to the Treasurer on both the initial funding requests and subsequent Treasurer's Advance approvals. Appendix E contains our analysis of a selection of funding requests relating to the:

- Business Support Fund
- bushfire response and recovery
- COVID-19 emergency accommodation program that included hotel quarantine.

Improvement opportunities

The alternate funding request pathways for most Treasurer's Advances mean that key information requirements and criteria set out in the RMF are not always transparently established in funding applications or explicitly addressed in DTF's assessments and recommendations to the Treasurer.

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DTF advised that the minister's request was consistent with the established process for funding fire and emergency response activities. Bushfire-related funding requests have been dealt with using Treasurer's Advance due to the underlying uncertainty over the duration and severity of bushfire seasons. The process involves DELWP tracking and reporting actual and estimated spend to DTF throughout a fire season and seeking a final Treasurer's Advance capturing these unanticipated costs, after fire suppression activities are complete. This process is intended to avoid delays in funding authorisation for the fire-fighting services.

It is reasonable to conclude that DTF designed and specified the RMF's mandatory requirements for direct ministerial requests to the Treasurer for the Treasurer's Advance to elicit information it considers important when assessing such requests and making recommendations to the Treasurer.

We found that most requests do not proceed through the RMF process, but are submitted to government and assessed by DTF and determined under the Cabinet decision-making process. The RMF requirements do not apply to these funding requests even if they are ultimately met from Treasurer's Advance.

In some cases, even requests that do follow the RMF process do not address mandatory information requirements. There are therefore opportunities for DTF to improve the process by:

- requiring departments to submit a formal request under the RMF process for all funding claims that are intended to be met by the Treasurer's Advance
- ensuring that it assesses the extent to which all funding requests that are expected to be met by the Treasurer's Advance explicitly address the RMF's mandatory requirements.

Initial in-principle Treasurer's Advance decisions and approvals were made throughout 2019-20 and finalised in June and July 2020 based on DTF's review of the available appropriation authority. The final in-principle approvals for all Treasurer's Advance requests were made in early September. There is therefore enough time available for these steps to occur in future. DTF advised us that departments already provide updates on all new and supplementary funding requests in June each year to inform DTF's advice on Treasurer's Advances.

DTF could implement these improvements by updating the RMF to:

- acknowledge that the Treasurer's Advance is used to meet funding requests that occur through multiple pathways
- clarify the RMF requirements and when they apply
- require DTF to assess if all funding requests that are proposed to be funded by the Treasurer's Advance meet the RMF's mandatory requirements and seek additional information from departments when necessary.

2.3 DTF's assessments and advice to the Treasurer

For the requests we examined, DTF provided evidence to support its assessments and advice to the Treasurer for the initial, or primary, funding decisions, including:

- its briefs to the Treasurer on requests that specifically sought Treasurer's Advance funding under the RMF process
- general funding requests that did not specifically seek access to the Treasurer's Advance and were determined by relevant government decision-making processes, such as Cabinet subcommittee deliberations.

DTF also provided evidence for its advice to the Treasurer for the initial and final in-principle approval stages for 2019–20 Treasurer's Advances.

For the requests we examined in this review that followed the RMF process, we noted some exceptions where DTF's assessments and advice to the Treasurer did not explicitly address all of the mandatory information requirements set out in the RMF.

Initial in-principle approvals

The funding available under the Treasurer's Advance is limited to the amount specified in the annual Appropriation Act. Given this, the Treasurer only initially provides in-principle approval for successful funding requests to retain flexibility to meet urgent claims that arise late in the financial year and ensure that the approved authority for the Treasurer's Advance is not exceeded.

There is clear evidence that DTF manages the Treasurer's Advance and requests for budget supplementation with knowledge of the budget situation, including the availability of appropriation funding, centrally controlled contingency allocations and the Treasurer's Advance.

DTF provided clear evidence of its advice to the Treasurer on the initial in-principle Treasurer's Advance funding approvals in June and July 2020. DTF's initial brief in late June 2020 indicated that the Treasurer had \$13 131.7 million in supplementary funding available consisting of:

- \$10 000 million in Treasurer's Advance authority under the *Appropriation (Interim)* Act 2020 for the government's COVID-19 response
- \$2 806.4 million in Treasurer's Advance authority in the *Appropriation (2019–20) Act 2019*
- \$325.3 million in temporary advances allowed under section 35 of the FMA.

DTF also identified \$6 062.6 million of departments' budget supplementation requests in 2019–20, which included \$1 422.8 million of urgent new Treasurer's Advance requests.

DTF noted that its advice to the Treasurer was based on draft, rather than final, requests from several departments. It also stated that its recommendations to support funding for several requests were subject to future Crisis Council of Cabinet decisions or Treasurer's approvals based on separate briefs or the outcomes of Commonwealth funding requests.

DTF's initial brief in June 2020 recommended that the Treasurer approve \$6 027.3 million of total budget supplementation funding, including contingency releases, for 2019–20 sourced from:

- the Treasurer's Advance (\$5 332.1 million, including \$2 691.9 million for non-COVID-19-related responses and \$2 640.2 million for COVID-19 responses)
- unapplied appropriation funding (\$374.1 million)
- temporary advances under section 35 of the FMA (\$321.0 million).

The Treasurer approved DTF's recommendations on 30 June 2020.

DTF provided a further brief to the Treasurer in early July. This brief:

 recommended approving a further \$129.6 million in Treasurer's Advances for departments, including \$92.6 million for COVID-19 responses and \$36.9 million for other funding needs included a recommendation to confirm \$25 million of funding sought as part of the earlier June brief for additional operating and maintenance costs claimed by Metro Trains Melbourne, resulting from new metropolitan rail assets forming part of the rail network.

The Treasurer approved these recommendations from DTF on 13 July 2020.

In total, the Treasurer approved initial in principle Treasurer's Advances of \$5 436.7 million for 2019–20.

Final assessments and approvals

Departments provided updated advice on their final requirements and expected drawdowns of Treasurer's Advance funding for 2019–20 following DTF's final advice on initial in-principle approvals for Treasurer's Advances in July 2020. The Crisis Council of Cabinet and the Treasurer went on to make further funding decisions. Overall, these changes decreased the amount of funding required from the Treasurer's Advance.

In early September 2020, DTF briefed the Treasurer on the final position of the Treasurer's Advance for 2019–20. As part of this advice, DTF:

- recommended approving an additional \$2.7 million in final Treasurer's Advance funding
- recommended approving some reclassifications of Treasurer's Advances as COVID-19 responses and non-COVID-19 responses
- recommended that the Treasurer sign letters to ministers on the final outcomes of Treasurer's Advance funding requests, which approved a total of \$5 328.9 million of Treasurer's Advances in aggregate for 2019–20
- indicated that departments were expected to draw down a total of \$4 898.9 million in Treasurer's Advance in 2019–20, with \$2 423.7 million relating to the state's COVID-19 response and \$2 475.2 million for non-COVID-19 initiatives.

The Treasurer approved the final in principle Treasurer's Advance amounts that DTF recommended and provided letters to ministers on 3 September 2020, which confirmed the amounts for all funding requests met by the Treasurer's Advance in 2019–20.

2.4 Urgent and unforeseen claims

While the Appropriation Acts indicate that the Treasurer's Advance should be used to meet urgent claims, they make no reference to 'unforeseen' claims. The RMF introduces the concept of 'unforeseen' in relation to the Treasurer's Advance.

We found that few funding requests that are met by the Treasurer's Advance and few DTF briefs on these requests explicitly address the criteria of urgent and unforeseen because:

 most funding requests that end up being met by Treasurer's Advance are submitted as general funding requests and not as direct requests for Treasurer's Advances. The RMF requirements do not apply to general funding requests. DTF interprets the urgency criteria as satisfied if there is no alternative appropriation funding available.

Urgency criteria

DTF advised us that its interpretation of urgency is consistent with longstanding practice for Treasurer's Advance use. This is because after the Annual Appropriations Act is passed:

- irrespective of the literal meaning of 'urgent', urgency in practice relates to any
 additional funding the government approves that is over and above the amounts
 appropriated for departments
- once the government approves additional funding for a department in the current financial year, it is funded from the Treasurer's Advance because that is the relevant provision in the annual Appropriation Act for such decisions, unless there is an obvious alternative funding source identified by departments or DTF, such as special appropriations, unused appropriations, or prior year surpluses.

DTF's practice of referring to the purpose of the Treasurer's Advance that the Annual Appropriation Acts describe, which is `... to meet urgent claims that may arise before Parliamentary sanction is obtained', instead of applying a literal definition of urgent when assessing requests is appropriate.

DTF advised us that in this context, parliamentary sanction refers to a future appropriation bill, which means that the funding pressure cannot wait until then and must be dealt with in the current financial year.

This means that only funding requests that specifically seek access to the Treasurer's Advance under the RMF process need to explicitly establish their urgency.

For the funding requests we examined, DTF's advice did not typically explicitly address the urgency of the funding request at the initial approval stage, even where it was an RMF request.

However, DTF did address urgency in its advice to the Treasurer on the final requirements and requests for Treasurer's Advances in June 2020. Specifically, DTF advised that not supporting the recommended Treasurer's Advance allocations would result in departments having spent appropriated funds without authority, which breaches section 90 of the *Constitution Act 1975* and section 3 of the Appropriation Act. These sections stipulate that funds cannot be drawn from the Consolidated Fund without the appropriate authority.

We also saw examples where DTF did not support providing Treasurer's Advance for funding requests on the grounds that the planned expenditure was not regarded as urgent or unforeseen.

Unforeseen criteria

DTF advised us that in the context of assessing requests for Treasurer's Advance, 'unforeseen' is interpreted to mean that an item was not included in an appropriation bill in that year, irrespective of the reason for exclusion. 'Unforeseen' is not defined by what government should have known about an issue at the time of making a decision, or when the Treasurer approves a Treasurer's Advance. In our review, we identified instances where the Treasurer's Advance has been used to fund expenditure that recurs year after year. For example, to provide additional funding for Victoria Police to address budget shortfalls.

Figure 2A provides more detail on this issue in relation to the Treasurer's Advance provided to Victoria Police in 2019–20 to support its operations.

FIGURE 2A: Victoria Police case study

In June 2020, the Minister for Police submitted a request to government for \$235.0 million in budget supplementation for Victoria Police to enable it to meet its financial obligations in 2019–20. At that point in time, Victoria Police had appropriation authority to spend \$3 522.9 million in 2019–20 and was forecast to spend \$3 757.9 million.

The minister requested:

- a Treasurer's Advance of \$175 million
- a transfer of \$50 million under section 30 of the FMA
- access to prior year surpluses of \$10 million under section 33 of the FMA.

The funding request clearly indicated that Victoria Police was forecast to spend around \$235 million more than its appropriation authority in 2019–20 and would be in breach of the FMA without additional funding.

As previously discussed, the Appropriation Acts indicate that the Treasurer's Advance can be applied to meet urgent claims that may arise before parliamentary sanction is obtained. The Treasurer's Advance funding that was approved in principle for Victoria Police for 2019–20 was consistent with this authority and purpose.

The request was urgent because the expenditure had either already been incurred or committed or was forecast to occur before 30 June 2020. However, our view is that the request was also reasonably foreseeable because Victoria Police had required significant ongoing budget supplementation over recent years to ensure it had sufficient appropriation authority to meet its commitments.

DTF's advice to the Treasurer on this request in June 2020 indicated that around \$60 million, or 26 per cent, of the \$235 million requested for Victoria Police could be attributed to unforeseen events and activities that were not within Victoria Police's control. This comprised:

Section 30 of the FMA allows transfers between items of departments' appropriation where the amount to be transferred is not required for the purposes of that item and can be assigned for another purpose where access to funds is insufficient.

- \$38.9 million for its involvement in and response to the Royal Commission into the Management of Police Informants
- \$10.8 million for COVID-19 response costs
- \$10.4 million for its involvement in responding to the 2019–20 bushfire season.

DTF indicated that Victoria Police also faced unavoidable cost pressures relating to unfunded progression payments to officers, long service leave costs from previous enterprise bargaining agreements and WorkCover premiums.

DTF assessed that other cost pressures related to either business as usual expenses, or expenses driven by actions and decision-making within Victoria Police, such as:

- accommodation and leasing costs
- utility costs
- costs arising from recruiting more personnel than its funded staffing profile.

DTF indicated that external reviews of Victoria Police's expenditure in 2017 and 2020 had identified significant ongoing budget challenges resulting largely from staffing and resource allocation issues.

DTF supported the minister's Treasurer's Advance application, but noted that Victoria Police did not have a sufficient balance in prior year surpluses under section 33 of the FMA to support the \$10 million of funding requested from that source. Given this, DTF recommended and the Treasurer approved a Treasurer's Advance of \$185 million rather than \$175 million.

DTF indicated that other funding sources may become available as part of the end of year process, which would reduce the final Treasurer's Advance amount that Victoria Police required. DTF also stated that it is having ongoing discussions with Victoria Police on its financial sustainability and that savings and reform initiatives would be presented to the government in a future financial sustainability submission.

In September 2020, DTF confirmed and the Treasurer approved and advised the relevant minister on a final in-principle Treasurer's Advance authority of \$185.0 million for Victoria Police for 2019–20. Victoria Police drew down \$175.2 million.

Source: VAGO, based on information from DTF.

We also identified Treasurer's Advances that were approved for spending described as 'scheduled asset replacement' or depreciation funding that would seem foreseeable given the clear and long-standing requirements for asset management in the Victorian public sector. It is acknowledged that there may be good and valid reasons for holding funding back from an agency until such time that its required. It would be beneficial for DTF to undertake an annual review of the nature of expenditure that the Treasurer's Advance supports to identify opportunities to minimise the use of Treasurer's Advances for reasonably foreseeable spending, and to monitor and advise on underlying budgeting, financial management or cost pressures that may contribute to such requests.

3. Transparency and accountability

Conclusion

The Treasurer's Advance disclosures in the state's *Annual Financial Report* for 2019–20 are complete, accurate and fairly presented.

DTF enhanced transparency and accountability by disclosing if individual Treasurer's Advance items for 2019–20 were attributable to government COVID-19 responses.

Agencies could further enhance transparency by disclosing the amounts they spend against each approval in their financial reports.

This chapter discusses:

- A summary of Treasurer's Advances approved in 2019–20
- Reporting on the use of the advance

3.1 2019–20 Treasurer's Advances

The State of Victoria's AFR discloses payments made against the Treasurer's Advance during that financial year. The Annual Appropriation Act for the following financial year also discloses these payments.

Figures 3A and 3B summarise the outcomes of departments' COVID-19-related and non-COVID-19 requests to access the Treasurer's Advance during 2019–20.

FIGURE 3A: Summary of COVID-19-related Treasurer's Advance requests in 2019–20

| Department | Requested (\$ 000) | Alternate funds (\$ 000) | Treasurer's approval (\$ 000) | Drawn down (\$ 000) | Unused (\$ 000) |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| Courts | 4 311 | 0 | 4 311 | 1 504 | 2 807 |
| Education and Training | 95 240 | 5 000 | 90 240 | 88 975 | 1 265 |
| Environment, Land, Water and Planning | 17 904 | 0 | 16 404 | 16 104 | 300 |
| Health and Human Services | 1 005 622 | 0 | 1 005 622 | 886 672 | 118 950 |
| Jobs, Precincts and Regions | 1 186 343 | 500 | 1 167 091 | 1 134 302 | 32 789 |
| Justice and Community Safety | 22 160 | 0 | 20 880 | 15 650 | 5 230 |
| Premier and Cabinet | 20 783 | 0 | 20 783 | 20 110 | 673 |
| Transport | 243 301 | 0 | 242 390 | 234 720 | 7 670 |
| Treasury and Finance | 43 300 | 0 | 43 300 | 25 690 | 17 610 |
| Total | 2 638 964 | 5 500 | 2 611 021 | 2 423 727 | 187 294 |

Note: Some figure totals may not add up due to rounding.

Note: Unused departmental Treasurer's Advance funding lapses and cannot be carried over into the subsequent financial year.

Note: The amounts shown for 'requested' are sourced from DTF's briefings to the Treasurer on Treasurer's Advance at the end of the financial year and so may differ from the initial requests made earlier in the financial year. The approval amounts are sourced from the Treasurer's final in-principle approvals in September 2020.

Source: VAGO, using data supplied by DTF.

| FIGURE 3B: Summary of non-COVID- | 19 Treasurer's Advance | requests in 2019–20 |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| | | |

| Department | Requested (\$ 000) | Alternate funds (\$ 000) | Treasurer's approval (\$ 000) | Drawn down (\$ 000) | Unused (\$ 000) |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| Courts | 9 671 | 0 | 9 671 | 9 439 | 232 |
| Education and Training | 478 172 | 225 769 | 252 403 | 250 978 | 1 425 |
| Environment, Land, Water and Planning | 461 719 | 0 | 461 719 | 423 791 | 37 928 |
| Health and Human Services | 672 410 | 0 | 672 410 | 516 199 | 156 211 |
| Jobs, Precincts and Regions | 139 335 | 0 | 139 333 | 135 073 | 4 260 |
| Justice and Community Safety | 817 689 | 215 398 | 592 010 | 580 017 | 11 993 |
| Parliament | 5 263 | 0 | 5 263 | 4 909 | 354 |
| Premier and Cabinet | 97 381 | 0 | 97 381 | 85 793 | 11 588 |
| Transport | 631 658 | 158 246 | 469 609 | 451 516 | 18 093 |
| Treasury and Finance | 18 409 | 250 | 18 159 | 17 507 | 652 |
| Total | 3 331 707 | 599 663 | 2 717 959 | 2 475 224 | 242 735 |

Note: Some figure totals may not add up due to rounding.

Note: Unused departmental Treasurer's Advance funding lapses and cannot be carried over into the subsequent financial year.

Note: The amounts shown for 'requested' are sourced from DTF's briefings to the Treasurer on Treasurer's Advance at the end of the financial year and so may differ from the initial requests made earlier in the financial year. The approval amounts are sourced from the Treasurer's final in-principle approvals in September 2020.

Source: VAGO, using data supplied by DTF.

Figures 3A and 3B show that DTF initially explores if alternative funding sources are available when considering these requests. As a result, around 10 per cent of requests were funded from alternate sources.

These figures also demonstrate that the actual amounts reported as drawn down by departments in total were less than or equal to the Treasurer's final in principle approval.

3.2 Reporting on departments' use of Treasurer's Advances

In 2019–20, the 196 individual line items disclosed the AFR in notes 8.2.13 *Payments* from advance to the Treasurer exclusive of those attributable to COVID-19 for the financial year ended 30 June and 8.2.14 *Payments from advance to the Treasurer* attributable to COVID-19 for the financial year ended 30 June (pages 163–167) represent over 300 individual Treasurer's Advance decisions.

DTF merges or amalgamates related Treasurer's Advance requests for disclosure purposes. We reconciled evidence on individual Treasurer's Advance approvals for 2019–20 to relevant disclosures in the AFR and found no material issues.

Verifying the amounts drawn down and spent

The disclosure of payments against individual Treasurer's Advances in the state's AFR and Annual Appropriation Acts reflects advice from departments to DTF on the amounts that they actually drew down against approved Treasurer's Advances to the end of the relevant financial year.

DTF compares aggregate information relating to departments' drawdowns to relevant aggregate information entered by departments in the state's central ledger system SRIMS to check if they match in aggregate.

Departments' chief finance officers provide a separate attestation to DTF to confirm that all amounts included in SRIMS are consistent with their audited accounts.

However, DTF does not seek confirmation from departments on their actual spending against each advance.

Additionally, departments only disclose the total approval authority they receive for Treasurer's Advances as part of a note on compliance with annual parliamentary and special appropriations in their audited financial reports. They do not separately disclose their actual expenditure against Treasurer's Advances either individually or in aggregate.

Departments could further enhance transparency by including separate disclosures of the amounts they have spent against Treasurer's Advances in their financial reports.

APPENDIX A Submissions and comments

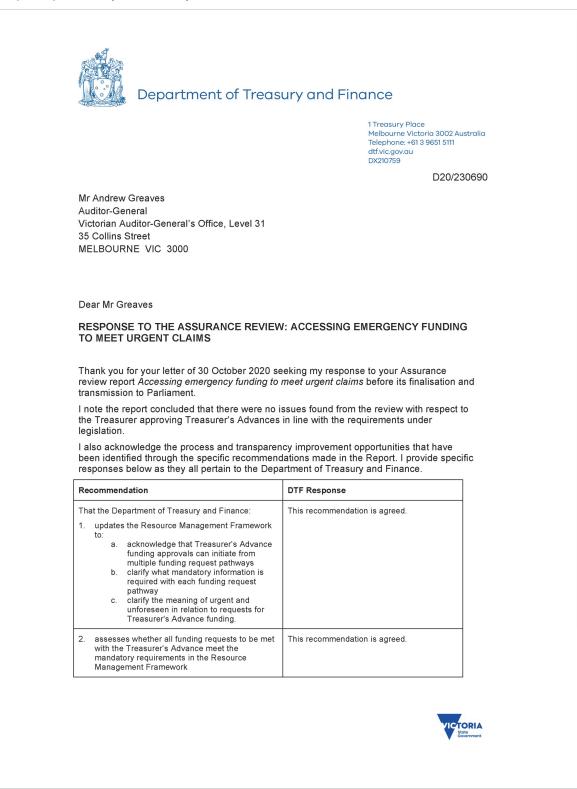
We have consulted with DTF, Department of Education and Training (DET), DELWP, DHHS, DJCS, DJPR, Department of Transport (DoT), Department of Premier and Cabinet (DPC) and Victoria Police, and we considered their views when reaching our conclusions. As required by the *Audit Act 1994*, we gave a draft copy of this report, or relevant extracts, to those agencies and asked for their submissions and comments.

Responsibility for the accuracy, fairness and balance of those comments rests solely with the agency head.

Responses were received as follows:

| DTF | | 33 |
|----------|--------|----|
| DET | | 35 |
| DELWP | | 36 |
| DHHS | | 37 |
| DJCS | | 38 |
| DJPR | | 39 |
| DoT | | 40 |
| DPC | | 41 |
| Victoria | Police | 42 |
| | | |

Response provided by the Secretary, DTF



Response provided by the Secretary, DTF-continued

| discloses both the final in principle approval and drawn down values of Treasurer's Advances in the state annual financial report | | This recommendation is not agreed. DTF understands that the purpose of this recommendation is to publicly report that the Treasurer's in-principle approval of TAs does not exceed available authority. DTF notes that year-end TA approval processes are designed to ensure that total TA authorised for use is within the amount appropriated by Parliament. As such, DTF (in its advice to the Treasurer) would not recommend an amount |
|---|--|--|
| | | which is higher than the legislative authority. DTF notes that the nature and purpose of the statutory TA disclosures in the State's annual financial report is to demonstrate compliance with legislation. In this context, it is the final drawdown of the TA that is the relevant disclosure, rather than the final in-principle approval provided as part of year-end processes. The proposed disclosure adds no substantive value in accountability against the application of legislative authority. |
| 4. | updates the Model Financial Report for Victorian Government Departments to require departments to separately disclose their actual expenditure against each approved Treasurer's Advance in their audited annual financial report. | This recommendation is agreed. |

While we do not agree with recommendation 3, we would support the introduction of additional audit procedures to your yearly audit of the State's financial report to confirm that year-end TA approvals do not exceed the available legislative authority.

I would also like to thank your staff for the collaborative approach taken during the review.

Yours sincerely

1).5.1/2

David Martine Secretary

12/11/2020



Page 2 of 2

Response provided by the Associate Secretary, DET



Department of Education and Training Office of the Associate Secretary

2 Treasury Place East Melbourne, Victoria 3002 Telephone: 03 9084 8480

COR 2063597

Mr Andrew Greaves Auditor-General Victorian Auditor-General's Office Level 31, 35 Collins Street Melbourne, Victoria 3000

Dear Mr Greaves

Proposed report: Accessing emergency funding to meet urgent claims

Thank you for your letter to the Secretary, Department of Education and Training (the Department) on 30 October 2020, and the opportunity to comment on the proposed report on *Accessing emergency funding to meet urgent claims*. The Secretary has asked that I respond to you on her behalf.

The Department is committed to adhering to strong processes and controls over access to emergency funding and ensuring accountability to Parliament and the community on the use of this funding. The Department has reviewed the proposed report, notes that none of the proposed actions are directed to the Department and as such, I confirm that we have no feedback to provide.

If your team would like to discuss this response further, please contact Cynthia Lahiff, Chief Financial Officer, Financial Services Division, Department of Education and Training, on 03 7022 2204 or by email via <u>Cynthia.Lahiff@education.vic.gov.au</u>

Yours sincerely

A-LOD

Tony Bates Associate Secretary

9/11/2020

Your details will be dealt with in accordance with the Public Records Act 1973 and the Privacy and Data Protection Act 2014. Should you have any queries or wish to gain access to your personal information held by this department please contact our Privacy Officer at the above address.



Response provided by the Secretary, DELWP



Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning

Mr Andrew Greaves Auditor-General Victorian Auditor-General's Office Level 31, 35 Collins Street MELBOURNE VIC 3000 PO Box 500, East Melbourne, Victoria 8002 Australia delwp.vic.gov.au

Ref: SEC014873

Dear Mr Greaves

PROPOSED REPORT ON ASSURANCE REVIEW: ACCESSING EMERGENCY FUNDING TO MEET URGENT CLAIMS

Thank you for your correspondence of 30 October 2020 and the opportunity to comment on the proposed report on the above-mentioned assurance review.

The Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning (DELWP) has reviewed the draft report and acknowledges its findings and recommendations. DELWP notes that the Department of Treasury and Finance (DTF) will respond to the recommendations.

While there are no specific recommendations for DELWP, the department is committed to implementing any actions arising from DTF's response to the recommendations.

Should you wish to discuss any matters further, please contact Xavier Hinckson, Executive Director, Finance, DELWP, on 0417 783 602 or email <u>Xavier.Hinckson@delwp.vic.gov.au</u>.

Yours sincerely

Ann

John Bradley Secretary

10 / 11 / 2020

Any personal information about you or a third party in your correspondence will be protected under the provisions of the *Privacy and Data Protection Act 2014.* It will only be used or disclosed to appropriate Ministerial, Statutory Authority, or departmental staff in regard to the purpose for which it was provided, unless required or authorized by law. Enquires about access to information about you held by the Department should be directed to <u>founit@detwp.vic.gov.au</u> or FOI Unit, Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning, PO Box 500, East Melbourne, Victoria 8002.



Response provided by the Secretary, DHHS



Response provided by the Secretary, DJCS

| Department | of Justice and Community Safety | |
|---|---|----------|
| Secretary | Level 26 121 Exhibition Street Melbourne Victoria 30 Telephone: (03) 8684 justice.vic.gov.au DX: 210077 | |
| | Our ref: 20100770 | |
| | | |
| Mr Andrew Greaves Auditor-General | | |
| Victorian Auditor-General's Office _evel 31, 35 Collins Street | e | |
| MELBOURNE VIC 3000 | | |
| Dear Mr Greaves | | |
| | October 2020 enclosing the Proposed Report on the mergency funding to meet urgent claims, and the invite | ation to |
| of Justice and Community Safety | endations that are the direct responsibility of the Depa y, but I welcome the opportunity to continue to work w ance as the government responds to the recommenda | /ith the |
| Thank you again for providing m | e with a copy of this report. | |
| Yours sincerely | | |
| P.F. | | |
| Rebecca Falkingham Secretary | | |
| | | |
| 12/11/2020 | | |
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| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

Response provided by the Associate Secretary, DJPR



Note: We considered and addressed DJPR's comments in the final report.

Response provided by the Secretary, DoT



Response provided by the Secretary, DPC



Response provided by the Chief Commissioner, Victoria Police



Our Ref: FF-186593

Mr Andrew Greaves Auditor-General Victorian Auditor-General's Office 31/35 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3000 Shane Patton APM Chief Commissioner of Police

Victoria Police Centre 311 Spencer Street Docklands Victoria 3008 Australia

Telephone +61 3 8335 6400

P.O. Box 913 Melbourne Victoria 3001 Australia

Dear Mr Greaves,

Victoria Police submission on Proposed Report on Assurance review: Accessing emergency funding to meet urgent claims.

Thank you for your correspondence dated 30 October 2020 inviting Victoria Police to provide a submission, or comment, on the "*Proposed Report on Assurance review: Accessing emergency funding to meet urgent claims*" (Proposed Report).

Thank you for incorporating aspects of Victoria Police's earlier feedback on the draft report excerpt provided to us.

Some aspects of our feedback were not incorporated, and it is important these be drawn to your attention.

I note that Victoria Police has lodged submissions for government consideration on key strategies designed to reduce cost or support organisational reform to support financial sustainability and has sought additional ongoing funding for some of the deficit drivers identified in the report including funding for long service leave and progression.

Victoria Police is actively pursuing strategies to ensure long term financial sustainability. These strategies include:

- completion of a detailed forensic financial audit of the organisation's historical and forecast budget deficits at ERC's request, which established multi-year financial forecasts agreed with DTF
- implementing a Financial Sustainability Program
- strengthening financial governance by establishing the Financial Sustainability Program Office and an internal Cost Control Board
- establishing the Financial Sustainability Advisory Board (FSAB). FSAB draws membership from senior executive officers of DPC, DTF, DJCS and Victoria Police and is independently chaired

Response provided by the Chief Commissioner, Victoria Police—continued

| Victoria Police has been in ongoing discussions with DTF since 2017 regarding the level of supplementation provided and agrees that an adjustment to ongoing funding rather than seeking an annual Treasurer's Advance would be an appropriate outcome, whilst continuing the organisation's work on cost reduction and financial sustainability. |
|---|
| Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the Proposed Report. |
| Yours sincerely |
| ShanePatton APM Chief Commissioner |
| 9/11/2020 |
| |
| Cc: Director, VAGO Senior Manager, VAGO Mr David Butler, Executive Director, Governance & Assurance Mr Byron Crawford, Executive Director, Financial Services (CFO) |
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APPENDIX B Acronyms

Acronyms

| AFR | Annual Financial Report (of the State of Victoria) |
|-------|---|
| DET | Department of Education and Training |
| DELWP | Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning |
| DHHS | Department of Health and Human Services |
| DJCS | Department of Justice and Community Safety |
| DJPR | Department of Jobs, Precincts and Regions |
| DoT | Department of Transport |
| DPC | Department of Premier and Cabinet |
| DTF | Department of Treasury and Finance |
| FMA | Financial Management Act 1994 |
| RMF | Resource Management Framework |
| SRIMS | State Resource Information Management System |
| VAGO | Victorian Auditor-General's Office |

APPENDIX C About this assurance review

Review objectives, scope and approach

| Who we reviewed | What we assessed | What the review cost |
|---|---|--|
| DET, DELWP, DHHS, DJCS, DJPR, DoT, DPC, DTF | We assessed whether applications by accountable officers to use the Treasurer's Advance and approvals to use the Treasurer's Advance (regardless of the source of the request) complied with the prescribed processes and were lawfully drawn down. | The review cost \$175 000, which includes preparation of this report. |

We conducted this limited assurance review in accordance with the *Audit Act 1994* and Australian Standard on Assurance Engagements ASAE 3000 Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information.

A review is a limited assurance engagement that is less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Consequently, it does not enable us to obtain reasonable assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in a reasonable assurance engagement.

Our specific procedures included reviewing:

- whether DTF had comprehensive information to support its advice and recommendations on the initial and final in-principle approvals of all Treasurer's Advances in 2019–20
- all approved Treasurer's Advances over \$100 million for 2019–20. DTF was able to quickly provide evidence to support these Treasurer's Advances' applications, assessments and approvals and we examined this evidence for a sample of them
- a further sample of Treasurer's Advances below \$100 million to ensure coverage of all departments and different types of Treasurer's Advance purposes and funding decision pathways.

We also sought advice and explanations from DTF on the Treasurer's Advance process and controls and how it implements these for specific Treasurer's Advances.

APPENDIX D Treasurer's Advance approvals for 2019–20

Figure D1 itemises departments' use of Treasurers Advances in their response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The most significant items in this list include:

- \$784.7 million for the Business Support Fund (DJPR)
- \$715.8 million (multiple items) for additional resources for health services and the health system for COVID-19 responses (DHHS)
- \$145.8 million to support the metropolitan public transport network and services (DoT)
- \$142.2 million to quarantine returning international travellers (DJPR)
- \$108.9 million for the Working for Victoria Fund (DJPR).

FIGURE D1: Itemised requests for COVID-19-related Treasurer's Advances by entity

| Entity | Requested (\$) | Alternate funds (\$) | Treasurer's approval (\$) | Drawn down (\$) | Unused (\$) |
|---|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| Courts | 4 311 000 | 0 | 4 311 000 | 1 504 419 | 2 806 581 |
| Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal remote hearing services | 4 311 000 | 0 | 4 311 000 | 1 504 419 | 2 806 581 |
| Education and Training | 95 240 000 | 5 000 000 | 90 240 000 | 88 975 354 | 1 264 646 |
| COVID-safe training for hospitality businesses and local government | 1 000 000 | 0 | 1 000 000 | 1 000 000 | 0 |
| Kindergarten Viability during COVID-19 | 25 340 000 | 5 000 000 | 20 340 000 | 19 075 354 | 1 264 646 |

| | | | Treasurer's | | |
|---|---------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| Fuelde - | Requested | Alternate funds | approval | Drawn down | Unused |
| Entity | (\$) | (\$) | (\$) | (\$) | (\$) |
| TAFE and Training sector COVID-19 Response and Viability | 68 900 000 | 0 | 68 900 000 | 68 900 000 | 0 |
| Environment, Land, Water and Planning | 17 904 000 | 0 | 16 404 000 | 16 104 000 | 300 000 |
| Delivery of Development Facilitation Initiatives to Support COVID-19 Recovery (VPA development facilitation) | 8 600 000 | 0 | 8 600 000 | 8 600 000 | 0 |
| Financial support—Alpine Resort Management Board | 3 600 000 | 0 | 2 100 000 | 1 800 000 | 300 000 |
| Financial support for Committees of Management | 1 230 000 | 0 | 1 230 000 | 1 230 000 | 0 |
| Financial support for portfolio entities | 4 400 000 | 0 | 4 400 000 | 4 400 000 | 0 |
| Targeted support for Victorians struggling with energy bills | 74 000 | 0 | 74 000 | 74 000 | 0 |
| Health and Human Services | 1 005 621 649 | 0 | 1 005 621 649 | 886 671 507 | 118 950 141 |
| Additional support for Victoria's mental health system | 7 080 500 | 0 | 7 080 500 | 7 080 500 | 0 |
| COVID-19 Response Extra funding boost for Victoria's health system* | 296 059 000 | 0 | 296 059 000 | 282 643 556 | 13 415 444 |
| COVID-19 support for people with disability | 6 010 000 | 0 | 6 010 000 | 4 250 000 | 1 760 000 |
| COVID-19 support for the children and families system | 20 600 000 | 0 | 20 600 000 | 17 474 402 | 3 125 598 |
| Elective surgery blitz | 50 000 000 | 0 | 50 000 000 | 50 000 000 | 0 |
| Emergency accommodation program | 17 080 000 | 0 | 17 080 000 | 17 080 000 | 0 |
| Food relief program | 2 700 000 | 0 | 2 700 000 | 1 840 000 | 860 000 |
| Health procurement and supply chain | 3 400 000 | 0 | 3 400 000 | 3 400 000 | 0 |
| Increase testing, tracing and response capacity* | 33 595 914 | 0 | 33 595 914 | 33 195 914 | 400 000 |
| Treasurer's Advances approved but not used | 19 182 000 | 0 | 19 182 000 | 0 | 19 182 000 |
| Peter Doherty Institute COVID- 19 Research | 6 000 000 | 0 | 6 000 000 | 6 000 000 | 0 |
| Rent relief scheme | 30 527 000 | 0 | 30 527 000 | 30 527 000 | 0 |
| | | | | | |

| | | | Treasurer's | | |
|---|---------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|------------|
| Finales | Requested | Alternate funds | approval | Drawn down | Unused |
| Entity | (\$) | (\$) | (\$) | (\$) | (\$) |
| COVID-19 Response Additional support for the health system with additional equipment and ICU capacity* | 513 387 235 | 0 | 513 387 235 | 433 180 135 | 80 207 099 |
| Jobs, Precincts and Regions | 1 186 343 000 | 500 000 | 1 167 091 000 | 1 134 301 544 | 32 789 456 |
| Economic Survival Package— Business Support Fund* | 787 100 000 | 0 | 787 100 000 | 784 671 123 | 2 428 877 |
| Economic Survival Package— Working for Victoria Fund | 115 000 000 | | 115 000 000 | 108 954 679 | 6 045 321 |
| Emergency Accommodation Framework— additional funding for accommodation for family violence victim survivors and perpetrators | 20 000 000 | 0 | 20 000 000 | 20 000 000 | 0 |
| Emergency Support For Victoria's International Students | 24 300 000 | 0 | 24 300 000 | 20 830 672 | 3 469 328 |
| Experience Economy Survival Package | 60 675 000 | 0 | 59 005 000 | 45 960 457 | 13 044 543 |
| International Quarantine of Travellers* | 167 118 000 | 0 | 150 036 000 | 142 234 614 | 7 801 386 |
| Melbourne Convention and Exhibition Trust | 11 650 000 | 0 | 11 650 000 | 11 650 000 | 0 |
| Treasurer's Advance requests that did not proceed | 500 000 | 500 000 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Justice and Community Safety | 22 160 000 | 0 | 20 880 000 | 15 650 060 | 5 229 940 |
| Additional legal assistance services and ICT upgrades | 9 180 000 | 0 | 9 180 000 | 9 179 996 | 4 |
| Supporting people with disability in Victoria | 900 000 | 0 | 900 000 | 614 878 | 285 122 |
| Treasurer's Advance request that DTF did not support | 1 280 000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Victoria Police COVID-19 Response* | 10 800 000 | 0 | 10 800 000 | 5 855 186 | 4 944 814 |
| Premier and Cabinet | 20 783 367 | 0 | 20 783 367 | 20 110 474 | 672 893 |
| Anzac Appeal, Legacy and Victorian Veterans Council | 1 550 000 | 0 | 1 550 000 | 1 550 000 | 0 |
| COVID-19 response— Multicultural and faith communities | 2 516 000 | 0 | 2 516 000 | 2 240 087 | 275 913 |

| | Requested | Alternate funds | Treasurer's approval | Drawn down | Unused |
|--|---------------|-----------------|-------------------------|---------------|-------------|
| Entity | (\$) | (\$) | approval (\$) | (\$) | (\$) |
| COVID-19 response—Public Health Communications campaign | 6 500 000 | 0 | 6 500 000 | 6 500 000 | 0 |
| COVID-19 response—Victoria Together | 850 000 | 0 | 850 000 | 453 457 | 396 453 |
| COVID-19 response—Victoria Together (music component)* | 721 000 | 0 | 721 000 | 721 000 | 0 |
| Good Friday Appeal | 8 560 000 | 0 | 8 560 000 | 8 559 563 | 437 |
| Support for South Sudanese disadvantaged youth during COVID 19 | 86 367 | 0 | 86 367 | 86 367 | 0 |
| Transport | 243 301 000 | 0 | 242 390 000 | 234 719 865 | 7 670 135 |
| Additional metropolitan and regional public transport cleaning costs | 17 162 000 | 0 | 16 200 000 | 16 173 000 | 27 000 |
| Treasurer's Advances approved but not used | 1 230 000 | 0 | 1 230 000 | 0 | 1 230 000 |
| Registration and licensing services resourcing | 12 900 000 | 0 | 12 900 000 | 12 768 865 | 131 135 |
| Rent relief supplementation | 12 700 000 | 0 | 12 700 000 | 7 768 000 | 4 932 000 |
| Support for the metropolitan public transport network and services | 145 809 000 | 0 | 145 860 000 | 145 810 000 | 50 000 |
| Support for public transport rail partnerships | 26 500 000 | 0 | 26 500 000 | 25 200 000 | 1 300 000 |
| Support for the regional public transport network and services | 27 000 000 | 0 | 27 000 000 | 27 000 000 | 0 |
| Treasury and Finance | 43 300 000 | 0 | 43 300 000 | 25 690 206 | 17 609 794 |
| Economic Survival Package— Implementation | 300 000 | 0 | 300 000 | 300 000 | 0 |
| Economic Survival Package— Refund of Liquor Licenses* | 30 000 000 | 0 | 30 000 000 | 22 590 206 | 7 409 794 |
| Cenitex to support remote working* | 13 000 000 | 0 | 13 000 000 | 2 800 000 | 10 200 000 |
| Grand Total | 2 638 964 016 | 5 500 000 | 2 611 021 016 | 2 423 727 431 | 187 293 585 |

Note: *Indicates the requests we examined. Note: Some totals may not add up due to rounding. Note: The amounts shown for 'requested' are sourced from DTF's briefings to the Treasurer on Treasurer's Advance at the end of the financial year and so may differ from the initial requests made earlier in the financial year. The approval amounts are sourced from the Treasurer's final in-principle approvals in September 2020. Note: Unused Treasurer's Advance funding lapses and cannot be carried over into the subsequent financial year. Source: VAGO using data supplied by DTF.

Figure D2 itemises the non-COVID-19 purposes that the Treasurer's Advance was used for in 2019–20. The most significant items in this list include:

- \$660.897 million for bushfire responses (various agencies)
- \$336.831 million for the Level Crossing Removal Authority (DoT)
- \$121.284 million to support Victoria Police (DJCS)
- \$118.150 million for additional resources for health services (DHHS)
- \$112.638 million for essential maintenance and compliance in schools (DET).

FIGURE D2: Itemised requests for non-COVID-19-related Treasurer's Advances by entity

| Entity | Requested (\$) | Alternat <i>e</i> funds (\$) | Treasurer's approval (\$) | Drawn down (\$) | Unused (\$) |
|--|-------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| Courts | 9 671 000 | 0 | 9 671 000 | 9 439 100 | 231 900 |
| Aboriginal Justice Agreement Phase Four | 1 508 000 | 0 | 1 508 000 | 1 385 620 | 122 380 |
| Bourke Street Coronial Inquest | 2 030 000 | 0 | 2 030 000 | 1 990 210 | 39 790 |
| Judicial Commission of Victoria resourcing | 1 700 000 | 0 | 1 700 000 | 1 635 205 | 64 795 |
| Royal Commission into the Management of Police Informants | 830 000 | 0 | 830 000 | 828 065 | 1 935 |
| Additional depreciation equivalent funding following an asset revaluation* | 3 603 000 | 0 | 3 603 000 | 3 600 000 | 3 000 |
| Education and Training | 478 171 792 | 225 768 866 | 252 402 926 | 250 977 926 | 1 425 000 |
| Camps, Sports and Excursions Fund | 37 583 000 | 1 000 000 | 36 583 000 | 36 183 000 | 400 000 |
| English as an Additional Language | 25 737 000 | 0 | 25 737 000 | 25 737 000 | 0 |
| Kindergarten Enrolment Based Funding | 3 404 000 | 0 | 3 404 000 | 2 379 000 | 1 025 000 |
| Treasurer's Advance requests that did not proceed | 193 639 792 | 193 639 792 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| School Enrolment Based Funding | 74 041 000 | 0 | 74 041 000 | 74 041 000 | 0 |
| Essential Maintenance and Compliance in schools* | 143 767 000 | 31 129 074 | 112 637 926 | 112 637 926 | 0 |
| Environment, Land, Water and Planning | 461 718 529 | 0 | 461 718 529 | 423 790 984 | 37 927 545 |
| Additional aviation resources for firefighting | 14 133 000 | 0 | 14 133 000 | 14 133 000 | 0 |
| Alpine Resorts—Southern Alpine Resort Management Board* | 7 070 000 | 0 | 7 070 000 | 7 070 000 | 0 |

| | Dogwostad | Alternat <i>e</i> funds | Treasurer's | Drawn down | Unused |
|---|-------------------|----------------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Entity | Requested (\$) | (\$) | approval (\$) | (\$) | (\$) |
| Bushfire response and recovery* | 340 909 529 | 0 | 340 909 529 | 318 681 571 | 22 227 958 |
| Cladding rectification program | 37 915 000 | 0 | 37 915 000 | 37 915 000 | 0 |
| Drought response | 5 875 000 | 0 | 5 875 000 | 5 875 000 | 0 |
| Early works for transport infrastructure projects* | 660 000 | 0 | 660 000 | 660 000 | 0 |
| Enhanced preparedness for the 2019–20 fire season | 8 900 000 | 0 | 8 900 000 | 8 900 000 | 0 |
| Fencing upgrades to help landholders recover from fire | 3 200 000 | 0 | 3 200 000 | 3 200 000 | 0 |
| Immediate support for Victoria's Wildlife and Biodiversity | 7 000 000 | 0 | 7 000 000 | 7 000 000 | 0 |
| Improve access to emergency water supply points | 500 000 | 0 | 500 000 | 500 000 | 0 |
| Local Government service support payment | 5 240 000 | 0 | 5 240 000 | 5 240 000 | 0 |
| Treasurer's Advances approved but not used | 14 986 000 | 0 | 14 986 000 | 0 | 14 986 000 |
| Power saving bonus extension | 13 000 000 | 0 | 13 000 000 | 12 286 413 | 713 587 |
| Recycling industry support | 2 330 000 | 0 | 2 330 000 | 2 330 000 | 0 |
| Health and Human Services | 672 410 196 | 0 | 672 410 196 | 516 198 950 | 156 211 246 |
| Additional resources for health services* | 118 150 000 | 0 | 118 150 000 | 118 150 000 | 0 |
| Bushfire response* | 7 582 622 | 0 | 7 582 622 | 7 307 786 | 274 836 |
| Civil claims for historical institutional child abuse | 19 152 000 | 0 | 19 152 000 | 19 152 000 | 0 |
| Elective surgery Blitz | 40 000 000 | 0 | 40 000 000 | 40 000 000 | 0 |
| Family violence Central Information Point | 19 394 833 | 0 | 19 394 833 | 16 988 984 | 2 405 849 |
| Implementation of recommendations from the Royal Commission into Victoria's Mental Health System | 7 001 000 | 0 | 7 001 000 | 4 887 388 | 2 113 612 |
| Increased support for children with complex disabilities | 10 196 000 | 0 | 10 196 000 | 10 196 000 | 0 |
| Joan Kirner Women's and Children's Hospital | 21 800 000 | 0 | 21 800 000 | 21 800 000 | 0 |

| | Requested | Alternate funds | Treasurer's approval | Drawn down | Unused |
|---|-------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Entity | (\$) | (\$) | (\$) | (\$) | (\$) |
| National Disability Insurance Scheme—Home and Community Care | 661 000 | 0 | 661 000 | 661 000 | 0 |
| National Disability Insurance Scheme—Transfer of disability accommodation and respite services | 70 550 000 | 0 | 70 550 000 | 70 550 000 | 0 |
| Treasurer's Advances approved but not used | 4 879 000 | 0 | 4 879 000 | 0 | 4 879 000 |
| Responses to drought and dry seasonal conditions | 1 650 000 | 0 | 1 650 000 | 1 650 000 | 0 |
| Supplementation for the hospital and charities fund* | 239 370 741 | 0 | 239 370 741 | 92 832 792 | 146 537 949 |
| Walter and Eliza Hall Institute for medical research | 18 000 000 | 0 | 18 000 000 | 18 000 000 | 0 |
| Scheduled asset replacement in the health sector | 94 023 000 | 0 | 94 023 000 | 94 023 000 | 0 |
| Jobs, Precincts and Regions | 139 335 013 | 0 | 139 333 279 | 135 073 319 | 4 259 960 |
| Beckley Park racing precinct | 1 997 000 | 0 | 1 997 000 | 1 997 000 | 0 |
| AgriBio Centre for AgriBioscience | 673 597 | 0 | 673 597 | 673 597 | 0 |
| Building the visitor economy: tourism marketing campaign* | 14 635 000 | 0 | 14 635 000 | 14 635 000 | 0 |
| Bushfire Response* | 4 802 611 | 0 | 4 800 877 | 4 800 877 | 0 |
| Community Cricket Program | 500 000 | 0 | 500 000 | 500 000 | 0 |
| Community Sports Infrastructure Loans | 342 279 | 0 | 342 279 | 292 780 | 49 499 |
| Drought response | 24 873 516 | 0 | 24 873 516 | 24 710 182 | 163 334 |
| Eureka Sport Precinct | 3 880 000 | 0 | 3 880 000 | 3 880 000 | 0 |
| Globally Connected Investment and Trade | 48 000 | 0 | 48 000 | 48 000 | 0 |
| Ikon Park upgrades | 3 800 000 | 0 | 3 800 000 | 3 800 000 | 0 |
| Job fairs in Melbourne's north and west | 93 673 | 0 | 93 673 | 93 673 | 0 |
| Legal costs associated with litigation | 570 000 | 0 | 570 000 | 417 691 | 152 309 |
| Melbourne Markets | 482 000 | 0 | 482 000 | 482 000 | 0 |

| | Requested | Alternat <i>e</i> funds | Treasurer's approval | Drawn down | Unused |
|--|-------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Entity | (\$) | (\$) | (\$) | (\$) | (\$) |
| National Biosecurity Control Agreements | 1 881 857 | 0 | 1 881 857 | 1 881 857 | 0 |
| Treasurer's Advances approved but not used | 410 000 | 0 | 410 000 | 0 | 410 000 |
| Regent Theatre | 468 000 | 0 | 468 000 | 468 000 | 0 |
| Reid Oval | 1 750 000 | 0 | 1 750 000 | 1 750 000 | 0 |
| Repowering and cash advance facility | 47 470 647 | 0 | 47 470 647 | 47 470 647 | 0 |
| Royal Melbourne Showgrounds | 161 833 | 0 | 161 833 | 161 833 | 0 |
| Ryan's Reserve upgrades | 750 000 | 0 | 750 000 | 750 000 | 0 |
| Victoria: The Basketball Capital of Australia—Melbourne Arena upgrades | 6 500 000 | 0 | 6 500 000 | 6 500 000 | 0 |
| Victorian Forestry Plan | 15 930 000 | 0 | 15 930 000 | 14 451 181 | 1 478 819 |
| Victorian Home of Golf and National High Performance Centre* | 2 297 000 | 0 | 2 297 000 | 2 297 000 | 0 |
| Whitten Oval preliminary design | 1 000 000 | 0 | 1 000 000 | 1 000 000 | 0 |
| Worker Transfer Scheme | 3 173 000 | 0 | 3 173 000 | 1 742 000 | 1 431 000 |
| Young Farmers Scholarship Program | 125 000 | 0 | 125 000 | 125 000 | 0 |
| Shareholding management and advisory costs related to Carbon Revolution | 720 000 | 0 | 720 000 | 145 000 | 575 000 |
| Justice and Community Safety | 817 689 078 | 215 397 965 | 592 010 295 | 580 017 334 | 11 992 961 |
| Best practice integrity oversight | 25 000 | 0 | 25 000 | 22 273 | 2 727 |
| Bushfire Case Support Program for the Department of Health and Human Services—Natural Disaster Financial Assistance | 7 900 000 | 0 | 7 900 000 | 7 900 000 | 0 |
| Bushfire Community Recovery Package and Clean-up Program | 161 000 000 | 0 | 161 000 000 | 161 000 000 | 0 |
| Bushfire Financial Assistance Grant Programs | 59 247 113 | 0 | 59 247 113 | 59 247 113 | 0 |
| Bushfire suppression* | 38 000 000 | 0 | 38 023 182 | 37 249 604 | 773 578 |
| Crime Prevention Initiatives | 5 000 000 | 0 | 5 000 000 | 4 903 193 | 96 807 |

| | Paguastad | Alternat <i>e</i> funds | Treasurer's | Drawn dawn | Unused |
|---|-------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Entity | Requested (\$) | (\$) | approval (\$) | Drawn down (\$) | (\$) |
| Emergency Services Telecommunications Authority funding supplementation | 6 795 000 | 0 | 6 795 000 | 6 795 000 | 0 |
| Fire Services Reform implementation | 9 176 000 | 0 | 9 176 000 | 9 176 000 | 0 |
| Fiskville and Regional Victoria funding to Country Fire Authority | 37 255 000 | 0 | 37 255 000 | 37 255 000 | 0 |
| Funding supplementation for Tattersalls duty payments to other jurisdictions | 6 000 000 | 0 | 6 000 000 | 2 793 454 | 3 206 546 |
| Inspector General for Emergency Management inquiry into Victoria's 2019–20 Fire Season | 850 000 | 0 | 850 000 | 845 279 | 4 721 |
| Mobile camera replacement program | 10 674 000 | 0 | 10 674 000 | 9 182 502 | 1 491 498 |
| Port Campbell Surf Life Saving Club | 440 000 | 0 | 440 000 | 440 000 | 0 |
| Reducing incarceration of women | 2 387 000 | 0 | 2 387 000 | 1 791 144 | 595 856 |
| Resource funding for Metropolitan Fire Brigade and Country Fire Authority | 29 320 000 | 0 | 29 320 000 | 29 320 000 | 0 |
| Royal Commission into the Management of Police Informants* | 67 985 000 | 0 | 67 985 000 | 67 317 717 | 667 283 |
| Summer fire information and education program | 9 680 000 | 0 | 9 680 000 | 9 428 212 | 251 788 |
| Support to progress agreements under the Traditional Owner Settlement Act 2010 | 4 000 000 | 0 | 4 000 000 | 4 000 000 | 0 |
| Support Victoria Police's operations* | 124 900 000 | 0 | 124 900 000 | 121 284 467 | 3 615 533 |
| Treasurer's Advance requests that did not proceed | 216 005 965 | 215 397 965 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Victoria State Emergency Service facilities | 4 900 000 | 0 | 4 900 000 | 4 900 000 | 0 |
| Victorian Inspectorate resourcing | 530 000 | 0 | 530 000 | 452 480 | 77 520 |
| Victorian Ombudsman funding supplementation | 3 519 000 | 0 | 3 519 000 | 2 309 895 | 1 209 105 |
| Working with Children Check* | 12 000 000 | 0 | 2 304 000 | 2 304 000 | 0 |
| Fire Services Statement funding to Country Fire Authority towards new station at Newborough | 100 000 | 0 | 100 000 | 100 000 | 0 |

| Entity | Requested (\$) | Alternat <i>e</i> funds (\$) | Treasurer's approval (\$) | Drawn down (\$) | Unused (\$) |
|---|-------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| Parliament | 5 263 000 | 0 | 5 263 000 | 4 908 858 | 354 142 |
| Electorate Office Relocations & Refurbishments* | 2 400 000 | 0 | 2 400 000 | 2 400 000 | 0 |
| Implementation of Victorian Independent Remuneration Tribunal and Improving Parliamentary Standards legislation | 1 276 000 | 0 | 1 276 000 | 1 056 999 | 219 001 |
| Parliamentary Advisers | 1 587 000 | 0 | 1 587 000 | 1 451 859 | 135 141 |
| Premier and Cabinet | 97 381 328 | 0 | 97 381 328 | 85 793 457 | 11 587 871 |
| 75th anniversary of the end of World War 2 | 200 000 | 0 | 200 000 | 200 000 | 0 |
| Additional support for former Premiers | 400 000 | 0 | 400 000 | 400 000 | 0 |
| Addressing Security and workplace requirements | 1 164 238 | 0 | 1 164 238 | 1 164 000 | 238 |
| Bushfire Disaster appeal fund | 2 000 000 | 0 | 2 000 000 | 2 000 000 | 0 |
| Bushfire Recovery Victoria— Bushfire recovery activities— support to local councils | 7 300 000 | 0 | 7 300 000 | 7 300 000 | 0 |
| Bushfire Recovery Victoria— Council Assistance Fund | 10 000 000 | 0 | 10 000 000 | 10 000 000 | 0 |
| Bushfire Recovery Victoria— Establishment | 25 000 000 | 0 | 25 000 000 | 15 160 115 | 9 839 885 |
| Bushfire Recovery Victoria— mental health package | 8 500 000 | 0 | 8 500 000 | 8 500 000 | 0 |
| Bushfire Recovery Victoria—Wine industry support | 2 500 000 | 0 | 2 500 000 | 2 500 000 | 0 |
| Costs associated with administration changes | 1 300 000 | 0 | 1 300 000 | 1 300 000 | 0 |
| Government House –security upgrade | 300 000 | 0 | 300 000 | 300 000 | 0 |
| Industrial Relations Victoria— Wage Inspectorate Victoria | 3 950 000 | 0 | 3 950 000 | 2 887 581 | 1 062 419 |
| Jobs and Skills Exchange | 2 100 000 | 0 | 2 100 000 | 2 099 999 | 1 |
| Labour Hire Authority* | 1 213 258 | 0 | 1 213 258 | 1 213 258 | 0 |
| Living Learning Partnerships addressing Disadvantage (PADs) | 1 554 000 | 0 | 1 554 000 | 1 488 255 | 65 745 |

| | | Alternate | Treasurer's | | |
|--|-------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| Entity | Requested (\$) | funds (\$) | approval (\$) | Drawn down (\$) | Unused (\$) |
| Munarra Centre for Regional Excellence | 1 150 832 | 0 | 1 150 832 | 1 150 830 | 2 |
| Royal Commission into Victoria's Mental Health System | 13 606 000 | 0 | 13 606 000 | 13 606 000 | 0 |
| Security Upgrade for the Office for the Leader of the Opposition | 650 000 | 0 | 650 000 | 650 000 | 0 |
| Suburban Rail Loop Authority financing | 3 021 000 | 0 | 3 021 000 | 3 021 000 | 0 |
| Victorian Inspectorate | 72 000 | 0 | 72 000 | 71 837 | 163 |
| Victorian Pride Centre | 10 000 000 | 0 | 10 000 000 | 10 000 000 | 0 |
| Public Record Office Victoria (PROV) for asset maintenance and renewal | 1 400 000 | 0 | 1 400 000 | 780 582 | 619 418 |
| Transport | 631 657 867 | 158 245 983 | 469 609 019 | 451 516 465 | 18 092 555 |
| Additional Vlocity Carriages | 12 180 000 | 0 | 12 180 000 | 12 180 000 | 0 |
| Barwon Heads Road upgrade | 2 465 331 | 0 | 2 465 331 | 2 451 245 | 14 086 |
| Better Boating | 3 300 000 | 0 | 3 300 000 | 2 720 000 | 580 000 |
| Bushfire remediation works on the road network | 16 050 000 | 0 | 16 050 000 | 16 050 000 | 0 |
| Car Parks for Commuters | 483 763 | 0 | 483 763 | 483 763 | 0 |
| Establishment of Melbourne Seafarers' Centre | 500 000 | 0 | 500 000 | 300 000 | 200 000 |
| Hall Road Upgrade | 3 048 381 | 0 | 3 048 381 | 1 817 481 | 1 230 900 |
| Hurstbridge Line Upgrade Stage 2 | 10 467 880 | 0 | 10 467 880 | 10 467 880 | 0 |
| Level Crossing Removal Program* | 336 831 217 | 0 | 336 831 217 | 336 831 217 | 0 |
| Public transport rail partnership agreements* | 45 000 000 | 0 | 45 000 000 | 31 300 000 | 13 700 000 |
| Narre Warren North Road Upgrade | 1 716 649 | 0 | 1 716 649 | 1 405 029 | 311 620 |
| New bike lanes on St Kilda Road | 1 951 864 | 0 | 450 000 | 450 000 | 0 |
| Treasurer's Advance requests that did not proceed | 160 546 983 | 158 245 983 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| South Road upgrade | 1 563 828 | 0 | 1 563 828 | 1 364 412 | 199 416 |
| Streamlining Hoddle Street | 3 980 000 | 0 | 3 980 000 | 3 980 000 | 0 |
| | | | | | |

| Entity | Requested (\$) | Alternat <i>e</i> funds (\$) | Treasurer's approval (\$) | Drawn down (\$) | Unused (\$) |
|--|-------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| Traffic Infringement Camera Trials | 328 000 | 0 | 328 000 | 227 067 | 100 933 |
| Transport and Amenity Program | 2 075 000 | 0 | 2 075 000 | 1 187 728 | 887 272 |
| V/Line operations and maintenance | 27 500 000 | 0 | 27 500 000 | 27 500 000 | 0 |
| Westernport Highway | 1 668 970 | 0 | 1 668 970 | 800 643 | 868 327 |
| Treasury and Finance | 18 408 961 | 250 000 | 18 158 961 | 17 507 265 | 651 696 |
| Funding for the Suburban Rail Loop | 5 750 000 | 0 | 5 750 000 | 5 098 304 | 651 696 |
| Land remediation | 5 000 000 | 0 | 5 000 000 | 5 000 000 | 0 |
| Legal Costs | 2 016 000 | 0 | 2 016 000 | 2 016 000 | 0 |
| Office of Projects Victoria funding contribution for Department of Education | 392 961 | 0 | 392 961 | 392 961 | 0 |
| Business unit reform advisory services and scoping study | 5 000 000 | 0 | 5 000 000 | 5 000 000 | 0 |
| Treasurer's Advance requests that did not proceed | 250 000 | 250 000 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 3 331 706 764 | 599 662 814 | 2 717 958 534 | 2 475 223 657 | 242 734 876 |

Note: *Indicates the requests we examined.

Note: Some totals may not add up due to rounding.

Note: The amounts shown for 'requested' are sourced from DTF's briefings to the Treasurer on Treasurer's Advance at the end of the financial year and so may differ from the initial requests made earlier in the financial year. The approval amounts are sourced from the Treasurer's final in-principle approvals in September 2020.

Note: Unused Treasurer's Advance funding lapses and cannot be carried over into the subsequent financial year.

Source: VAGO, using data supplied by DTF.

APPENDIX E Analysis of selected advances

The Treasurer's Advance was used to fund a wide range of services, initiatives and projects in 2019–20, including:

- service delivery and outputs
- · acquiring new assets and capital projects
- maintaining existing assets
- responses to COVID-19
- responses to natural disasters
- supporting royal commissions and other inquiries in terms of both conduct and responses to recommendations
- financial assistance in response to natural disasters
- economic stimulus in terms of financial support for businesses
- financial support for government entities
- financial support for individuals.

We selected 33 Treasurer's Advances to more closely examine as part of this review based on these categories, their value and potential interest to Parliament and the community. We obtained evidence on the applications, assessments and approvals of these funding requests to gain assurance on how the process for accessing Treasurer's Advance operated during 2019–20.

We provide information on a selection of these Treasurer's Advances below to elaborate on the processes that departments, DTF and the Treasurer followed and demonstrate examples where requirements were not fully observed.

The Business Support Fund

The funding request to establish a Business Support fund, which was initially referred to as the Small Business industry support package, as part of the government's response to support the economy during COVID-19 did not seek access to Treasurer's Advance. The request was considered by government.

On 20 March 2020, the government approved a \$1.7 billion economic survival and jobs package. This package included \$500 million to establish the Small Business

industry support package. This funding decision did not reference the use of the Treasurer's Advance.

In April 2020, the government agreed to broaden the eligibility criteria for the business support fund. It also agreed to allocate \$13 million from the fund to support small to medium non-government organisations in the creative sector. This change in eligibility criteria increased the number of eligible businesses from around 30 000 to around 46 500. DJPR's submission to the government indicated that this increase could be managed within the existing \$500 million funding approval.

In May 2020, DJPR sought additional funding of \$250 million for the Business Support Fund to meet estimated demand until its scheduled closure on 1 June 2020. DTF noted several risks and uncertainties about the take-up rate for the fund, which could expose the government to significant additional costs. However, DTF supported this funding request and recommended capping the total budget for the fund at \$750 million to address these risks.

The government approved this funding request on 25 May 2020. DJPR's submission, DTF's advice and the government decision did not refer to using the Treasurer's Advance to fund this initiative.

In June and early July 2020, further advice and submissions were provided to the Treasurer and the government on a range of issues. This contributed to an increase in the expected allocations from the Business Support Fund.

DTF's advice on these submissions confirmed the use of Treasurer's Advance for this initiative and indicated a funding shortfall of up to \$80 million. The Treasurer approved additional Treasurer's Advance funding for the Business Support Fund based on DTF's advice and recommendations in July 2020.

The Treasurer approved a final in-principle Treasurer's Advance of \$787.1 million for the Business Support Fund in September 2020. This approval was based on DJPR's advice to DTF on its final expected funding requirements for the fund in July 2020. DTF's payments to DJPR for the Business Support Fund in 2019–20 totalled \$784.7 million, which was within the approved funding limit.

Bushfire response and recovery

In mid-June 2020, the Minister for Energy, Environment and Climate Change requested a Treasurer's Advance of \$390 million to cover additional expenditure that DELWP, DJPR, DHHS, DJCS and Victoria Police incurred while responding to the bushfire season in 2019–20. Given the nature of the request, it should have complied with the mandatory requirements in the RMF.

DTF advised that the minister's request was consistent with the established process for funding fire and emergency response activities. Bushfire-related funding requests have been dealt with using Treasurer's Advance due to the underlying uncertainty over the duration and severity of bushfire seasons. The process involves DELWP tracking and reporting actual and estimated spend to DTF throughout a fire season and seeking a final Treasurer's Advance capturing these unanticipated costs, after fire suppression activities are complete. This process is intended to avoid delays in funding authorisation for the firefighting services.

On 30 June 2020, the Treasurer provided an in-principle approval for Treasurer's Advances totalling \$380.8 million for the four departments. The funding requested for

Victoria Police was initially considered and approved by government and then approved in principle by the Treasurer as a Treasurer's Advance.

DTF provided clear evidence to support the application, assessment, approval and tracking of this Treasurer's Advance. However, we did identify some issues.

Application issue

The application for this Treasurer's Advance did not meet all of the RMF's mandatory requirements. The gaps were minor, except for the absence of any direct confirmation that DELWP and the other departments had reviewed and exhausted other funding sources before seeking access to the Treasurer's Advance.

Assessment issue

DTF's assessment of this request did not explicitly address the extent to which it met some of the RMF's mandatory requirements for Treasurer's Advance applications.

Issues with DTF's advice to the Treasurer

DTF's advice to the Treasurer in June 2020, which recommended approving a Treasurer's Advance of \$380.8 million for this request, did not:

- explicitly consider the extent to which the request addressed the mandatory requirements in the RMF for Treasurer's Advance requests
- include any positive statements that addressed the extent to which it had tested, and was presenting to the Treasurer as reliable, the costs that DELWP and the other departments claimed and that DTF was supporting for funding under the Treasurer's Advance.

DTF advised us that its advice appropriately informed the Treasurer on why the additional funding was required because it included base appropriation information and the history of supplementation for the previous three fire seasons, together with commentary on the severity of the 2019-20 bushfires noting it was 'longer and more intense bushfire season than average'. DTF also indicated that the costs included in its advice to the Treasurer were represented as 'either incurred or committed' actual expenditure and information about DELWP providing DTF with regular updates on costs relating to the 2019–20 fire season.

In September 2020, DTF confirmed and the Treasurer approved and advised the relevant ministers on the final in-principle Treasurer's Advance authorities for bushfire response and recovery. This included:

- \$340.9 million for DELWP
- \$27.6 million for DJCS
- \$7.6 million for DHHS
- \$4.8 million for DJPR.

The departments collectively drew down \$358.4 million against these approval authorities.

The Treasurer approved a separate Treasurer's Advance of \$10.4 million for Victoria Police for its bushfire responses. Victoria Police drew down \$9.6 million against this approval authority. In Figure D2 the information for the DJCS and Victoria Police Treasurer's Advances for bushfire responses is combined in a single line item 'Bushfire

suppression'. This reflects the disclosure of this information in the state's AFR for 2019–20.

The COVID-19 Emergency Accommodation program including hotel quarantine

The government approved \$80 million on 20 March 2020 to procure and operate up to 5 000 hotel rooms and other accommodation facilities to quarantine international travellers returning to Victoria and the Hotel for Heroes program for health workers. Some of this funding was also used to support people who were rough sleeping or homeless to self-isolate and recover from COVID-19.

This funding decision did not reference use of the Treasurer's Advance. However, there was clear evidence that DTF advised the Treasurer on the various funding requests to the government for the hotel quarantine program and on the Treasurer's Advance allocations for the program.

DTF's advice to the Treasurer on in-principle approvals in late June 2020 recommended \$62.9 million of Treasurer's Advance funding to DJPR for the hotel quarantine program in 2019–20. DTF also recommended additional Treasurer's Advances of \$52.1 million for DJPR and \$19.2 million for DHHS for the program. These advances were subject to the confirmation of a possible Commonwealth funding contribution. A separate Treasurer's Advance of \$17.1 was also approved for DHHS for the broader emergency accommodation program.

The Treasurer approved these recommended advances as part of the initial in-principle approval process for the Treasurer's Advance, allocating a total of \$115.0 million to DJPR for the hotel quarantine program.

In July 2020, DTF recommended that the Treasurer approve an additional Treasurer's Advance of \$35 million for the program. This was based on advice from DJPR about additional cost pressures for hotel quarantine in 2019–20. However, DTF noted that the final endorsed costs for DJPR in 2019–20 were subject to change. DTF also noted that \$52.1 million sought for the program in June may not be eligible for Commonwealth reimbursement.

The Treasurer approved the additional Treasurer's Advance of \$35 million.

In September 2020, DTF confirmed and the Treasurer approved and advised the relevant ministers on a final in-principle Treasurer's Advance authority of \$150 million for DJPR and \$19.2 million for DHHS for the hotel quarantine program. DHHS did not use this Treasurer's Advance allocation and DJPR drew down \$142.2 million. DHHS fully used the separate \$17.1 million Treasurer's Advance approved for the emergency accommodation program.

The Hotels for Heroes program was announced on 5 April 2020, allowing eligible health workers to request accommodation support if they could not safely self-isolate or self-quarantine at home. \$20 million from the original \$80 million investment was allocated for this purpose.

Auditor-General's reports tabled during 2020–21

Report title

| Rehabilitating Mines (2020–21: 1) | August 2020 |
|--|----------------|
| Management of the Student Resource Package (2020–21: 2) | August 2020 |
| Victoria's Homelessness Response (2020–21: 3) | September 2020 |
| Reducing Bushfire Risks (2020–21: 4) | October 2020 |
| Follow up of Managing the Level Crossing Removal Project (2020–21: 5) | October 2020 |
| Early Years Management in Victorian Sessional Kindergartens (2020–21: 6) | October 2020 |
| Accessibility of Tram Services (2020–21: 7) | October 2020 |
| Accessing Emergency Funding to Meet Urgent Claims (2020–21: 8) | November 2020 |
| Auditor-General's Report on the Annual Financial Report of the State of Victoria: 2019–20 (2020–21: 9) | November 2020 |

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