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# Contractors and Consultants in the Victorian Public Service: Spending

Independent assurance report to Parliament

Published by order, or under the authority, of the Parliament of Victoria November 2023



The Hon Shaun Leane MLC President Legislative Council Parliament House Melbourne The Hon Maree Edwards MP Speaker Legislative Assembly Parliament House Melbourne

**Dear Presiding Officers** 

Under the provisions of the *Audit Act 1994*, I transmit my report *Contractors and Consultants in the Victorian Public Service: Spending.* 

Yours faithfully



Andrew Greaves Auditor-General 29 November 2023

The Victorian Auditor-General's Office (VAGO) acknowledges the Traditional Custodians of the lands and waters throughout Victoria. We pay our respects to Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander communities, their continuing culture, and to Elders past and present.

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# Audit snapshot

#### What we examined

We examined whether departments accurately record, properly monitor and transparently report their spending on contractors and consultants.

We focused our work on all 9 Victorian Government departments that were in place in 2021–22 and the Victorian Public Sector Commission. We looked further at 3 departments' classification processes for contractors and consultants against mandated guidelines. The 3 departments were the Department of Health (DH), the Department of Transport and Planning and the Department of Education.

#### Why this is important

There is public interest in government Government departments are not expenditure on contractors and consultants. Consistently outsourcing work that has traditionally been done by the public sector can deskill the Victorian Public Service. Additionally, these services often come at a premium.

Financial Reporting Direction 22: Standard disclosures in the Report of Operations (Financial Reporting Direction 22) gives guidelines on how and where departments should report their contractor and consultant spending.

From 2018 to 2022, the Victorian Government set targets to reduce departmental spending on contractors and consultants, but the government did not publicly report progress against these targets.

#### What we concluded

required to, and do not consistently, record, monitor or comprehensively report on their contractor and consultant expenditure. This results in a lack of transparency.

Departments' levels of compliance vary in their application of the requirements set out in Financial Reporting Direction 22, and some departments do not publish all the information they should.

Spending data for DH was not reliable due to a lack of rigour around record keeping and controls.

Public service spending on contractors and consultants increased between 2018-19 and 2021-22, despite the spending reduction targets.

#### What we recommended

We made 3 recommendations to all departments about:

- monitoring their contractor and consultant spending
- reviewing how they record contractor and consultant spending to ensure they comply with Financial Reporting Direction 22
- reviewing how they categorise transactions to ensure they accurately report their spending.

We made one recommendation to DH about documenting procedures for recording spending. We also made one recommendation to the Department of Treasury and Finance about reviewing Financial Reporting Direction 22.

→ Full recommendations

#### **Key facts**

#### From 2018–19 to 2021–22 Victorian Government departments:







reported spending

\$320m

or **57%** of total reported consultancy spend, on consultancy engagements with the top 5 vendors

Note: Contractor spend from DH, the Department of Families, Fairness and Housing and the former Department of Health and Human Services includes some consultant data because this could not be separated. Source: VAGO.

# What we found

This section summarises our key findings. The following sections detail our complete findings, including supporting evidence.

When reaching our conclusions, we consulted with the audited agencies and considered their views. The agencies' full responses are in Appendix A.

#### Why we did this audit

There is significant public interest in how much the public service spends on contractors and consultants.

Consistently outsourcing work that has traditionally been done by the public sector can deskill the Victorian Public Service. Additionally, these external services can cost significantly more than using public service employees, and Victorians expect public spending to achieve value for money.

This is even more important given the current economic conditions and recent events, such as the COVID-19 pandemic.

#### **Contractors vs. consultants**

Contractors provide work or services for departments.

Consultants provide services that help with decision-making through expert advice and analysis.

#### Government targets to reduce external spending and retain skills in the public service

In recent years, Parliament and the public have expressed concern about the public service losing key skills and knowledge due to outsourcing work and services.

In particular, there has been concern about departments relying on external firms for services that are central to the running of the public service. These 'enduring public service functions' include activities such as developing policies, writing business cases and facilitating events.

In 2018, the government made an election commitment to reduce external spending on enduring public service functions, recognising that these services should be delivered by public service staff.

#### Key background information

#### Department responsibilities

Government departments are responsible for collecting and maintaining financial data, including data on their spending. They must keep proper accounts and records of financial transactions and ensure their accounting processes and systems comply with legislation.

Under Financial Reporting Direction 22 Standard disclosures in the Report of Operations (Financial Reporting Direction 22), departments are required to publish information about spending on some external services in their annual reports.

#### Financial Reporting Direction 22

Mandatory requirements outlining the information departments must publish in their annual reports

Figure 1 shows that the reporting requirements depend on whether the service relates to consultants or contractors.

Figure 1: Reporting requirements for departments based on legislation and government policies/guidance

#### Spending information to be reported

	Spending informe	■ How/where information	
Legislation/policy/guidance	On contractors	On consultants	must be reported
Financial Reporting Direction 22		Number of transactions valued at less than \$10,000 and total amount of this spend	Published each year in the department's annual report
		Number of transactions valued at over \$10,000 and details for each (vendor name, project summary, approved project amount and allocated future spend)	
	Details of contractor transactions, including vendor name, project summary, approved project amount and allocated future spend		Kept by the department and available to the public if a freedom of information (FoI) request is made
Government's spending reduction targets	All spending on contractors a enduring public service funct		Reported yearly in writing to:  Victorian Public Sector Commission (VPSC)  Minister for
Source: VAGO.			Government Services

#### What we assessed

We examined spending on contractors and consultants by all 9 Victorian Government departments that were in place in 2021–22 to assess whether they accurately record, properly monitor and transparently report spending.

We did this by assessing how departments:

- classify spending as either 'contractor' or 'consultant'
- comply with reporting requirements
- track their spending against the government's 2018–22 spending reduction targets.

We also examined how the VPSC collected and reported departments' data on their spending reduction targets.

#### **Public service**

In this audit, we refer to the 9 Victorian Government departments collectively as the public service.

#### Victorian Government departments

Machinery-of-government changes affected some department's names. In this report, we refer to the current department names (after 1 January 2023.)

Before 1 January 2023	After 1 January 2023
Department of Education and Training	Department of Education (DE)
Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning	Department of Energy, Environment and Climate Action (DEECA)
Department of Jobs, Precincts and Regions	Department of Jobs, Skills, Industry and Regions (DJSIR)
Department of Transport	Department of Transport and Planning (DTP)
_	Department of Government Services (DGS) – newly formed

The Department of Families, Fairness and Housing (DFFH), Department of Health (DH), and Department of Justice and Community Safety (DJCS) did not change. The Department of Premier and Cabinet (DPC) and Department of Treasury and Finance (DTF) did not have a name change, however core functions were impacted.

# Key finding 1: Public service spending on contractors and consultants increased, despite the spending reduction targets

Across the Victorian Public Service, spending on contractors and consultants increased in the period we examined. We looked at this from a whole-of-government perspective and by department.

#### Spending across the public service

Between 2018–19 and 2021–22, the total public service spend on contractors and consultants increased by 47 per cent.

Based on what departments published in their annual reports and other data they provided, the public service spend on contractors and consultants was:

- \$2.8 billion in 2018–19
- \$4.2 billion in 2021–22.

#### Performance against the government's spending reduction targets

In 2018 the government made an election commitment to reduce spending on services that could have been performed by public service staff. These functions, called enduring public services functions, are broken into 2 main categories:

- professional services (which may be delivered by consultants or contractors)
- labour hire (which is delivered by contractors).

The government cited the need to promote employment opportunities for public service staff and retain key skills and knowledge in the public service. In 2019 the VPSC identified that the public service spent \$277 million on these services

The government set spending reduction targets over 4 years (2018–19 to 2021–22). This commitment aimed to reduce spending by a total of \$114.5 million by the end of the period with:

- a \$90.1 million reduction on professional services
- a \$24.4 million reduction on labour hire.

The targets also identified specific role types that were aligned to core (or enduring) government services (see Figure 2).

Figure 2: Categories of external services that applied to the spending reduction targets

#### External type

Spending category	Contractors	Consultants	Identified role types	Reduction target
Professional services	<b>√</b>	√	Policy development	-50%
			Evaluation	(~\$90 million over
			Business case development	4 years)
			<ul> <li>Strategy and organisational development</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>Engagement and facilitation</li> </ul>	
Labour hire	✓		Project officers	-25%
			Business/finance officers	(~\$24 million over
			<ul> <li>Policy managers/officers</li> </ul>	4 years)
			Project/program managers	
			Administrative/customer service roles	

Source: VAGO, based on Victorian Labor fact sheet 'Ensuring an efficient, fair and high quality public service', 2018.

We collated the departments' reported data from 2019–22 and examined their performance against the government's spending reduction targets. Based on this data, public service spending on these specified roles of contractors and consultants increased overall, with expenditure on:

- labour hire decreasing
- professional services increasing.

Figure 3 shows how the public service and individual departments performed against the targets.

Individual department performance varied, with only DPC meeting the target for professional services. Five departments met the target for reduction of spending on labour hire.

Figure 3: Overall and individual departments' progress against the spending reduction targets (at end 2021–22)

#### **Spending**

category	Overall	DE	DEECA	DFFH	DH	DJCS	DJSIR	DPC	DTF	DTP
Professional services	Increased by 40% (~\$253m)	Х	Х	х	X	Х	х	<b>√</b>	Х	X
Labour hire	Decreased by 17% (~\$81m)	<b>√</b>	Х	Х	Х	<b>√</b>	Х	<b>√</b>	✓	<b>√</b>

#### √ Met

#### X Not met

Note: In 2021, machinery-of-government changes meant that the former Department of Health and Human Services split into 2 departments – DH and DFFH. Source: VAGO, based on the VPSC's Labour hire and professional services second activity report.

Departments released their annual reports for 2022–23 in late October 2023. They showed that total spending on consultants for that year was \$150.1 million, which is a decrease of 10 per cent from the previous year. The spending reduction targets ended in 2021–22, so we have not included the 2022–23 data in our report.

#### **Factors impacting spending**

VPSC activity reports for 2018–21 show that external factors affected departments' ability to meet their spending reduction targets. Departments needed additional help to respond to emergency events and meet existing public service priorities due to:

- the COVID-19 pandemic
- bushfire response and recovery.

#### How departments tracked their spending against the spending reduction targets

Departments monitor spending on contractors and consultants yearly, comparing actual performance against their budgets. However, this timing limits their ability to respond guickly to spending trends.

Individual departments varied in how frequently they monitored spending on contractors and consultants and how they did this:

- DE, DJCS, DPC and DJSIR reviewed their progress against their spending reduction targets at monthly or quarterly meetings.
- DEECA, DFFH, DH, DTF and DTP's monitoring was not detailed enough to help them track progress against the spending reduction targets.

#### What we recommended

We made one recommendation to all departments about monitoring contractor and consultant spending against any savings targets at least quarterly.

You can read our recommendations in full at the end of this section.

# Key finding 2: Reporting requirements do not lead to a complete picture of spending on contractors and consultants

Transparent reporting is key to giving the community confidence that public money is being used properly.

We would expect government departments to publish comprehensive information on their spending on contractors and consultants.

However, currently departments only publish data on consultants (not contractors) and there is no easy way to view total spending across the public service or to compare spending over time.

The Financial Management Act 1994 and its directions sets out departments' responsibilities for financial reporting.

Specifically, Financial Reporting Direction 22 sets out what departments must include in their annual reports.

Under the direction, departments must publish data on consultants in their annual reports, but they are not required to publish data on contractors. DE publishes its contractor information to increase transparency.

The public can obtain information on contractors through an Fol request, but to gain a complete picture they would need to submit an individual request to every department. This is an inefficient way of comparing and understanding spending over time, and ultimately limits public transparency.

#### Some departments are not publishing all required information

The departments have clear instructions on what to publish in their annual reports. However, we found that 4 departments did not publish all required information on their consultancy expenditure:

In 2021–22	Did not comply with Financial Reporting Direction 22 because it did not report the
DEECA	details for individual consultants (over \$10,000), including:
	supplier details
	a brief summary of each consultant service used
	the approved total project fee
	the amount spent in the financial year
	future spending it has committed to.
DE	total amount of spending on consultants (under \$10,000).
DJSIR	total number and total spend on consultants (over \$10,000), including a brief summary of each consultant service used.
DTP	• total number and total spend on consultants (over \$10,000), a brief summary of each consultant used (over \$10,000)
	• total number and total spend on consultants (under \$10,000).

#### Information on progress against spending reduction targets is not public

Departments were required to report what they spent on enduring public services to the VPSC annually between 2019 and 2022. The VPSC used this data to report how the departments were tracking against the government's spending reduction targets.

Since the spending reduction targets were an election commitment, we would have expected progress in achieving them to be made public. However, the VPSC only provided the progress report internally to the Minister for Government Services. This limited transparency about how departments were performing.

In the absence of public reporting, we developed an online <u>dashboard on public service spending on consultants</u> <u>from 2017–18 to 2022–23</u> using data published in the departments' annual reports.

#### What we recommended

We made one recommendation to all departments to monitor their contractor and consultant spend more regularly.

We also made one recommendation for DTF to assess whether Financial Reporting Direction 22 should require departments to include both contractor and consultant spending in their annual reports and advise government accordingly.

You can read our recommendations in full at the end of this section.

# Key finding 3: Public service data on contractor and consultant spending is not always reliable

To comply with Financial Reporting Direction 22, departments need to collect accurate and reliable data by:

- recording the details of all their purchases and noting whether they were for contractors or consultants
- keeping documentation, such as invoices, contracts and purchase orders, so that they can check or validate their overall reporting.

We found gaps in the way some departments collect and categorise their data, which makes it less reliable.

We looked at departments' high-value transactions and found	Which means that
DE did not correctly categorise 6 of the 34 we examined	the amount DE publicly reported that it spent on consultants in 2021–22 is not accurate.
DTP correctly categorised all 25 of the transactions we examined. However, we found inconsistencies with how it categorised its lower-value transactions	DTP consistently categorised its high-value transactions but could improve the reliability of its data by correctly categorising lower-value transactions as well.
DH did not have sufficient records to show what it had categorised as contractor and consultant transactions because it does not keep all its invoices centrally filed.	DH cannot confirm that the amount it reported as its consultant spend is accurate.

#### What we recommended

We made 2 recommendations:

- one to all departments to review their processes for categorising contractor and consultant transactions
- one to DH to document its procedures for recording and reporting contractor and consultant spending to ensure the process is repeatable.

You can read our recommendations in full at the end of this section.

# What we recommended

We made 5 recommendations to address 3 key issues. The relevant agencies have accepted our recommendations in full or in principle.

#### Key issues and corresponding recommendations

Agency response(s)

# Issue: Public service spending on contractors and consultants increased, despite the spending reduction targets

#### All departments

- Monitor their contractor and consultant spending on a quarterly basis, as a minimum, to understand:
  - trends in expenditure in these categories
  - if they are on track to meet any relevant government policies or targets (see Section 1).

Accepted in principle by Department of Government Services and Department of Transport and Planning Accepted by all other

#### Issue: Reporting requirements do not lead to a complete picture of spending on external services

#### Department of Treasury and Finance

Assess whether changing *Financial Reporting Direction 22: Standard disclosures in the Report of Operations* to require departments to include both contractor and consultant spend in their annual report would increase transparency on government spending, and advise government accordingly (see Section 2).

Accepted

departments

#### All departments

Review and update their practices and controls for reporting spending data to comply with *Financial Reporting Direction 22:* Standard disclosures in the Report of Operations (see Section 2).

Accepted in principle by Department of Government Services and Department of Transport and Planning

Accepted by all other departments

#### Issue: Public service data on contractor and consultant spending is not always reliable

#### All departments

4 Review processes for categorising contractor and consultant transactions to ensure they accurately report their spending per *Financial Reporting Direction 22: Standard disclosures in the Report of Operations* (see Section 3).

Accepted in principle by Department of Government Services, Department of Treasury and Finance and Department of Transport and Planning
Accepted by all other departments

Department of Health

Document key procedures for recording and reporting contractor and consultant spending to ensure the process is repeatable (see Section 3). Accepted

# 1. Departments' spending on

In 2018, the government made an election commitment to reduce spending on contractors and consultants. This was in response to its concerns about the Victorian Public Service relying too much on these services, and therefore losing internal skills and knowledge. Targets were introduced in 2 main categories – professional services and labour hire – to assist departments to reduce their spending.

Despite this commitment, overall public service spending on professional services increased between 2018 and 2022 while spending on labour hire decreased.

contractors and consultants

Departments needed to proactively track their spending on contractors and consultants to understand if they were meeting the targets. Only 3 departments have processes in place to monitor their spending on contractors and consultants.

#### Spending on contractors and consultants increased

Use of contractor and consultants vs. staff growth

Public spending has increased across the Victorian Public Service over the last 4 years.

In the period from 2018–19 to 2021–22, spending on public service staff increased by 29 per cent, while contractors and consultants use increased by 47 per cent. This may lead to fewer

while contractors and consultants use increased by 47 per cent. This may lead to fewer opportunities for the public service to develop and maintain in-house skills and knowledge.

Figure 4 shows how growth in expenditure on staff has increased. Figure 5 shows the growth of the public service use of contractors and consultants.

Figure 4: Whole-of-government growth for spending on public service staff (between 2018–19 and 2021-22)

Department	2018–19 (\$m)	2021–22 (\$m)	% change
DE*	6,972	8,351	20%
DEECA	516	709	37%
DH/DFFH**	1,429	1,729	21%
DJCS	1,063	1,776	67%
DJSIR	358***	577	61%
DPC	223	257	15%
DTF	154	233	51%
DTP	321	594	85%
Total	11,038	14,227	29%

Note: Figures and percentages are rounded. Current department names are used. Figures include all costs related to employment, including wages and salaries, fringe benefits tax, leave entitlements, termination payments and WorkCover premiums. \*DE's figure is higher than other departments because it includes teaching and nursing staff. They account for approximately 95 per cent of the department's staff. \*\*DH and DFFH are consolidated for 2021-22 for consistency. \*\*\*DJSIR (as DJPR) was only operational for 6 months in 2018–19. This figure reflects an estimate for 2018–19, which was achieved by doubling DJSIR's spending from its 6 months of operation.

Source: VAGO based on departments annual report data from 2018–19 to 2021–22.

While overall spending on contractors and consultants increased between 2018–19 and 2021–22, each department's performance varied.

Five departments – DTP, DJSIR, DTF, DH/DFFH and DPC – increased their spending on contractors and consultants. Three - DEECA, DE and DJCS - reduced spending in these areas (see Figure 5).

Figure 5: Public service use of contractors and consultants between 2018–19 and 2021–22

Department	2018–19 (\$m)	2021–22 (\$m)	% change
DE	196	161	-18%
DEECA	337	303	-10%
DH/DFFH*	1,498	2,461	64%
DJCS	34	19	-45%
DJSIR	124**	148	19%
DPC	75	105	40%
DTF	48	87	81%
DTP	526	891	70%
Total	2,838	4,175	47%

Note: Figures and percentages are rounded. Includes all contractor spending, regardless of contract size. For consultant spending, only engagements valued over \$10,000 are counted. Figures and percentages are rounded. \*DH and DFFH are consolidated for 2021–22 for consistency. \*\*DJSIR (as DJPR) was only operational for 6 months in 2018–19. This figure reflects an estimate for 2018– 19, which was achieved by doubling DJSIR's spending from its 6 months of operation.

Source: VAGO based on departments annual report data from 2018–19 to 2021–22 and additional information we requested from departments.

Consultant spending 2022–23

Departments released their annual reports for 2022–23 in late October 2023. They showed that total spending on consultants for that year was \$150.1 million, which is a decrease of 10 per cent from the previous year. We have included public service spending on consultants from 2017-18 to 2022-23 in our online dashboard, using data published in the departments' annual reports.

The spending reduction targets ended in 2021-22 so we have not included 2022-23 consultancy expenditure data in this report.

Departments are not required to include contractor spending in their annual reports.

The 2018 spending reduction targets

In 2018, the government made an election commitment to reduce spending on contractors and consultants in 10 specific categories.

It identified 10 'enduring public service functions' that should be done by public service staff rather than external firms (see Figure 2). It then directed the public service to reduce spending on professional services by 50 per cent and spending on labour hire by 25 per cent by 2022.

To achieve this, in 2019 the Victorian Secretaries' Board (VSB) set individual targets for each department to reduce their spending by using the departments' 2018–19 spending data as a baseline.

Individual Target period **Election** ended commitment targets set VSB set targets for The 4-year spend Reduce spending on reduction period each department external consultants/ based on 2018–19 finished with the contractors across 10 targets not being met 'enduring' functions 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 **50%** 25% reduction on reduction on professional services labour hire by 2022 by 2022

Figure 6: Timeline and structure of the spending reduction targets

Source: VAGO based on Victorian Labor fact sheet 'Ensuring an efficient, fair and high quality public service', 2018.

#### Performance against the spending reduction targets

Spending on professional services

By the end of the 4-year spending reduction period, the public service had increased spending by 40 per cent in the specified professional services categories. This was despite having a target to reduce this spend by 50 per cent by the end of 2021–22.

Figure 7 shows that only DPC achieved its targets. The overall public service continued to rely on contractors and consultants and was not able to meet the spending reduction targets.

Figure 7: Departments' performance against the 50% spending reduction targets for professional services

Department	2018–19 (\$m)	2021–22 (\$m)	% change
DE	33	25	-25%
DEECA	36	45	23%
DH/DFFH*	57	82	44%
DJCS	8	22	183%
DJSIR	20**	60	196%
DPC	13	1	-92%
DTF	7	9	24%
DTP	5	9	88%
Total	180	253	40%

Note: Figures and percentages are rounded. \*DH and DFFH are consolidated for 2021–22 for consistency. \*\*DJSIR (as DJPR) was only operational for 6 months in 2018–19. This figure reflects an estimate for 2018–19, which was achieved by doubling DJSIR's spending from its 6 months of operation.

Source: VPSC activity reports data from 2018–19 to 2021–22 for labour hire and professional services.

## Spending on labour hire

In the case of labour hire, by the end of the 4-year target period, the departments had made an overall reduction of 17 per cent on the specified enduring services. However, the reduction was not enough to meet the committed target of 25 per cent over 4 years.

As shown in Figure 8, at the end of the 4-year period DE, DJCS, DPC, DTF and DTP had all achieved their individual spending reduction targets. But increased spending from DH/DFFH and DJSIR meant the public service did not meet the overall target.

Figure 8: Departments' performance against the 25% labour hire spending reduction targets

Department	2018–19 (\$m)	2021–22 (\$m)	% change
DE	26	17	-37%
DEECA	14	11	-19%
DH/DFFH*	13	20	49%
DJCS	7	4	-42%
DJSIR	5**	7	28%
DPC	2	2	-29%
DTF	3	2	-32%
DTP	27	19	-30%
Total	98	81	-17%

Note: Figures are rounded. \*DH and DFFH are consolidated for 2021–22 for consistency. \*\*This figure reflects the VPSC's estimate for 2018–19, which was achieved by doubling DJSIR's spending from its 6 months of operation.

Source: VPSC activity reports data from 2018–19 to 2021–22 for labour hire and professional services.

# Factors impacting spending

Departments did face challenges that affected their ability to meet their spending reduction targets.

VPSC activity reports for 2018–21 show that external factors were leading to increased spending on contractors and consultants at that time.

For example, departments needed additional help to respond to emergency events and meet existing public service priorities due to:

- the COVID-19 pandemic
- bushfire response and recovery.

# Only 4 departments have systems to regularly monitor their spend on contractors and consultants

#### Why departments need to monitor their spending

Departments need to regularly and proactively monitor their spending on contractors and consultants.

The public expects to be informed about how departments use public money and whether election commitments have been met – in this case, the commitment to reduce spending on professional services and labour hire.

To understand if they were on track to meeting their spending reduction targets, departments needed to monitor their use of the 10 specific professional services and labour hire roles. This should have been done at regular intervals – at least quarterly throughout the year so the departments could adjust their spending if necessary.

Aside from tracking progress against specific targets, monitoring allows departments to understand their spending more broadly, including being able to analyse trends and identify areas that could be better serviced internally.

Which departments monitor spending

Only DE, DJCS, DPC and DJSIR regularly monitor and analyse their spending on contractors and consultants across the department (see Figure 9). Other departments do some form of monitoring but this was not regular or detailed enough to help them track progress against the spending reduction targets.

Figure 9: Departments' monitoring their spending

Department	Status	What and when they monitor
DE		Reviews contractor and consultant spending quarterly at its executive board meetings
DEECA		Monthly reporting on spending against budget. While this can include contractor and consultant spend, there is no identified monitoring of just these categories
DFFH		Reviews professional services spending every 6 months
DH		Procurement template has year-to-date spending total that all users can see
DJCS		Reviews contractor and consultant spending quarterly at its executive board meetings
DJSIR		Regular committee updates with reports
DPC		Reviews contractor and consultant spending monthly at its executive board meetings
DTF		No evidence of monitoring spending outside of end-of-year reporting activities
DTP		No evidence of monitoring spending outside of end-of-year reporting activities

Note: Red means the department did not give us evidence that it reviews and monitors its spending. Amber means the department gave us some evidence that it reviews and monitors its spending but this is not regular or detailed enough. Green means the department gave us evidence that it adequately and regularly reviews and monitors its spending.

Source: VAGO.

# Z. Transparency of spending

There is no complete picture of how much public money departments are spending on contractors and consultants. This is because departments only need to publicly report their spending on consultants, and not contractors.

Financial Reporting Direction 22 outlines what departments need to report. However, the public does not have an easy way of knowing and comparing how much departments and the public service spends on contractors and consultants.

#### Variations in reporting requirements for spending on contractors and consultants

Reporting requirements under Financial Reporting Direction 22 Financial Reporting Direction 22 sets out what information departments need to publish on their use of contractors and consultants. It requires departments to publish information about consultants but not contractors.

Figure 10 outlines these requirements.

Figure 10: What and how departments must report their contractor and consultant information

#### Spending on consultants

# Each department must publish the following information in their annual report:

- total number of consultants used:
  - under \$10,000
  - over \$10,00
- total spend on consultants:
  - under \$10,000
  - over \$10,000
- details of each consultant spend over \$10,000, including:
  - vendor
  - brief summary of project
  - · total project fees
  - spend for the reporting period
  - future spend
- where this information is recorded.

Source: VAGO, based on Financial Reporting Direction 22.

### Each department must keep the following

- information:
- contractor engagedservice provided

Spending on contractors

• spending committed to for each engagement.

They must make this information available upon request but there is no requirement to publish it.

Accessing data through Fol requests

The departments must keep records of spending on contractors, and a member of the public can ask for this information. However, this must be done through a formal Fol request.

This requirement limits public transparency. Some people may not know how, or want, to complete a formal FoI request. In some instances under the Freedom of Information Act 1982 departments may not give out all information.

Also, to gain a full picture of spending on contractors, an interested person would have to repeat the FoI process for each department.

#### reporting requirements

Compliance with The departments have clear guidelines on what they must publish in their annual reports (see Figure 10).

> However, we found varying levels of compliance for the 2021–22 period, with 4 departments not including all the required information. Figure 11 outlines what departments did and did not include.

Figure 11: Departments' compliance with publishing required information in their annual reports (2021–22)

	DE	DEECA	DFFH	DH	DJCS	DJSIR	DPC	DTF	DTP
Consultancies over \$	10,000								
Total number									
Total expenditure									
Location of details recorded									
Individual supplier details									
Brief summary of each consultancy									
Total project fee approved for each (ex GST)									
Expenditure for reporting period of each consultancy									
Future expenditure committed for each consultancy									
Consultancies under	\$10,000								
Total number									
Total expenditure									

Legend: green means included; red means not included

Note: DEECA included instructions for readers to obtain consultant data upon request, subject to the provisions of the Freedom of Information Act 1982. Source: VAGO, based on departments' 2021–22 annual reports.

# Lack of collated public service spending data and impact on ability to analyse trends

Importance of tracking spending over time

Being able to look at how spending changes over time, both at a department level and across the public service, is essential to planning. This includes identifying risks and opportunities.

Analysing spending patterns and trends can highlight	Allowing departments to identify		
who the major vendors are	opportunities for savings by negotiating better rates through state purchase contracts.		
what is being purchased	needs for additional state purchase contracts to streamline procurement of commonly used goods and services.		
why spending is occurring	staff and skill gaps within the public service. For example, if departments need surge capacity to deal with an emergency situation.		

#### State purchase contracts

Also known as SPCs, state purchase contracts are government contracts set up for commonly used goods and services. They have pre-agreed values, terms and conditions and make it easy for the public service to buy goods and services.

# DGS procurement analysis

DGS's government procurement team, which was previously part of DTF, collates and analyses procurement data from all departments to identify:

- commonly used vendors
- opportunities for potential new state purchase contracts
- where departments do not use appropriate state purchase contracts.

DGS has also developed dashboards to enable departments to analyse their own data.

However, this procurement data does not include all contractor and consultant spending and is not publicly available. This means departments and the public cannot easily use it to monitor spending on contractors and consultants.

Challenges to tracking spending over time Although the departments publish spending data on consultants, there is no collated information for whole-of-government spending. This makes it difficult to analyse total spending or spending over time.

Each year, departments report their consultant spending in their annual reports. But this is data for one year only. There is no comparison to previous years.

To see how departments' spending has changed over time, users need to collate the relevant data from each department's annual report across multiple years. This is time-consuming and limits the transparency of the whole picture of public service spending.

VAGO dashboard: spending on consultants In the absence of a multi-year comparison across departments, we developed an online <u>dashboard on public service spending on consultants from 2017–18 to 2022–23</u> using data published in the departments' annual reports.

The dashboard shows data relating to the spending of the 9 Victorian Government departments that were in place in 2021–22 (noting that the Department of Transport includes spending by the Major Transport Infrastructure Authority and Suburban Rail Loop Authority). It also shows the departments' spending on individual vendors across this period.

In building this dashboard, we faced some challenges.

The departments' data was challenging to collate and compare because	Meaning		
some departments went through machinery-of-government changes	data is not comparable across all financial years.		
different departments publish data in different formats	we had to do extra analysis and work to make the data consistent.		
not all departments published all the required consultant information	we had to request extra information from departments.		

While we were able to use our auditing powers and resources to manage these challenges, this illustrates the extent of barriers to public transparency around this information.

#### Lack of public reporting on spending against the reduction targets

Annual reporting to the Minister for Government **Services** 

While the spending reduction targets were made as part of an election commitment, reporting on progress in achieving them is not publicly available.

The VPSC collected departments' data on the spending reduction targets. At the end of each financial year it prepared an activity report showing what departments spent on contractors and consultants in each of the identified enduring public service categories. This report showed progress against the spending reduction targets, which were tied specifically to those categories.

However, this report only went to the Minister for Government Services (as the responsible minister). It was not available to the public.

Lack of analysis on department performance

While the VPSC collected data each year, the annual summaries it provided to the Minister for Government Services did not analyse or enquire further about departments' performance against their professional services and labour hire spending targets.

We found that the VPSC had limited assurance the data it received from departments was accurate because:

- there were no clear guidelines on how much detail departments needed to give about their spending performance
- the VPSC does not validate what departments report, such as comparing it to other whole-of-government datasets.

The VPSC's final report outlined factors that resulted in increased public service spending. These were:

- unprecedented external events, such as the COVID-19 pandemic and bushfires
- major projects
- economic recovery.

# 3. Reliability of spending data

Data on how much the public service spends on contractors and consultants is not always reliable. We sampled data from 3 departments and found one – DE – does not always correctly classify its spending; and another – DH – did not hold enough documentation to confirm the reliability of its data for the period we examined.

As a result, there is a risk that these departments' annual reports do not disclose the full amount they spent on consultants as required by Financial Reporting Direction 22.

#### Departments need reliable data on their contractor and consultant spending

Need for reliable Financial Reporting Direction 22 requires departments to: data

- report how much they spend on consultants each year in their annual report
- make information on contractor spending available upon request.

To comply with this, departments need to collect accurate and reliable data on what they spend on contractors and consultants.

### Collecting reliable data

For reliable data, departments need to:

- · record the details of all of their purchases and note if they were for contractors or consultants
- collate this information across the department and ensure they have consistently applied the definitions of 'contractor' and 'consultant' from Financial Reporting Direction 22
- keep documentation, such as invoices, contracts and purchase orders, so they can check or validate their overall reporting.

#### Not all departments have reliable data on their spending

## Data on spending

We looked at invoices from 2021–22 for DE, DH and DTP to understand the reliability of their contractor and consultant spending data. We looked at these 3 departments because they spent more than other departments that year on contractors and consultants. We looked at the top 50 per cent (by monetary value) of their invoices from 2021–22 for the 5 largest consultancy firms.

We looked at	And found	Which means that
34 DE transactions	<ul> <li>DE did not correctly categorise 6 of them. It categorised:</li> <li>3 consultant transactions, worth approximately \$400,000, as contractor transactions</li> <li>3 contractor transactions as 'other'</li> </ul>	The amount that DE publicly reported it spent on consultants in 2021–22 is not accurate.
25 DTP transactions	DTP correctly categorised all 25 transactions	DTP consistently categorised its high-value transactions. However, when we reviewed some lower-value transactions we found not all had been correctly categorised. Correcting this could improve overall data accuracy.
64 DH transactions	DH could not provide sufficient records to show which of these 64 transactions it had categorised as contractor and consultant spending. This is because system capacity issues mean DH does not keep all its invoices centrally filed in its procurement or finance system	DH cannot confirm that the amount it reported as its consultant spend is accurate.

Limitation in guidance for **Financial** Reporting **Direction 22** 

Our testing showed that the guidance in Financial Reporting Direction 22 allows room for users to make a judgement between classifying a transaction as 'consultant' or 'contractor'. We saw this in complex contracts that covered a range of functions for both contractor and consultant work.

Financial Reporting Direction 22 only requires consultant spending to be published in departments' annual reports. If departments incorrectly record consultant spending as contractor spending, this spending may not be captured in their annual report.

As discussed in Section 2, transparency of contractor and consultancy expenditure will improve if Financial Reporting Direction 22 requires departments to publicly report contractor spending in their annual reports.

# **Appendices**

**Appendix A: Submissions and comments** 

Appendix B: Abbreviations, acronyms and glossary

Appendix C: Audit scope and method

# Appendix A: Submissions and comments

We have consulted with all audited agencies, and we considered their views when reaching our audit conclusions. As required by the *Audit Act 1994*, we gave a draft copy of this report, or relevant extracts, to those agencies and asked for their submissions and comments.

Responsibility for the accuracy, fairness and balance of those comments rests solely with the agency head.

#### Responses received

Agency	Page
DE	A-2
DEECA	A-4
DFFH	A-7
DGS	A-10
DH	A-12
DJCS	A-15
DJSIR	A-17
DPC	A-20
DTF	A-23
DTP	A-25
VPSC	A-27

#### Response provided by the Secretary, DE



Secretary

2 Treasury Place East Melbourne Victoria 3002 Telephone +61 3 9637 2000

BRI23128703

Mr Andrew Greaves Auditor-General Victorian Auditor-General's Office

Dear Mr Greaves

#### Proposed report on Contractors and consultants in the Victorian public service: Spending

Thank you for your letter of 19 October 2023 and the opportunity to comment on the proposed report for this audit. The department is committed to accurately record, properly monitor and transparently report the spend on contractors and consultants.

The department appreciates the collaboration from your team throughout the audit. The proposed report's findings and conclusions reflect positively on the department's regular monitoring and reporting on spend against the targets set by the Victorian Public Services Commission.

The department has reviewed the proposed report and has attached an action plan to address the recommendations in the report. Should you wish to discuss the department's response, please contact Shamiso Mtenje, Acting Executive Director, Integrity, Assurance and Executive Services Division on or by email:

Yours sincerely



Jenny Atta Secretary 3/11/2023

Encl.: DE's action plan

Your details will be dealt with in accordance with the Public Records Act 1973 and the Privacy and Data Protection Act 2014. Should you have any queries or wish to gain access to your personal information held by this department please contact our Privacy Officer at the above address



#### Response provided by the Secretary, DE – continued

#### DE action plan: Contractors and Consultants in VPS - Spending

#	Recommendations: That all departments:	Response	#	The department will:	By end of:
1	Monitor their contractor and consultant spending on a quarterly basis, as a minimum, to understand:  o trends in expenditure in these categories o if they are on track to meet any relevant government policies or targets	Accept	1.1	Continue its quarterly reporting to Executive Board highlighting the progress in meeting targets, as this practice has been in place prior to this audit, which has been acknowledged in this report.	N/A - implemented
3	Review and update their practices and controls for reporting spending data to comply with the <i>Financial Reporting Direction</i> 22.	Accept	3.1	Review the current reporting practices and controls to identify areas and actions for improvement.	March 2024
			3.2	Implement improvement opportunities identified in action 3.1.	June 2024
4	Review processes for categorising contractor and consultant transactions to ensure they accurately report their spending per <i>Financial Reporting Direction 22</i> .	Accept	4.1	Improve the communications and training on the correct use of account codes for contractor payments and consultants and clarify/create awareness of the definitions.	March 2024

#### Response provided by the Secretary, DEECA



PO Box 500, East Melbourne, Victoria 8002 Australia

SEC-231000540

Andrew Greaves Auditor-General Level 31 / 35 Collins Street MELBOURNE VIC 3000

Dear Andrew

Thank you for your letter of 19 October 2023, providing the Department of Energy, Environment and Climate Action (DEECA) with an opportunity to comment on the proposed performance audit report Contractors and Consultants in the Victoria Public Service: Spending.

I acknowledge and thank your office for the work in conducting this audit and for incorporating the feedback raised by DEECA in response to the provisional draft of the report.

DEECA's management action plan for responding to the recommendations in the report is enclosed. The response includes acceptance of all recommendations, the actions the department proposes to take and expected completion dates to address these.

DEECA had an overall reduction in contractor spend over the four-year period to 2021-2022. While the Department has been focussed on minimising spending on contractors and consultants, its ability to achieve targets in specific categories of contractors and consultants spend was impacted by delivery of significant new initiatives and critical projects.

DEECA is well positioned to respond to the recommendations of this audit and the actions to address these have commenced. This includes the improvement DEECA has made to its compliance with Financial Reporting Direction 22 Standard Disclosures in the Report of Operations. DEECA previously reported relevant information in its annual report, but not to the level of detail required by the FRD. The required supplier information for individual consultancies over \$10,000 reported in the 2022-23 DEECA annual report will be published on DEECA's website.

Should you or your office wish to discuss anything further, please contact Allison Wetzels, A/Executive Director (Chief Finance Officer), DEECA on

Yours sincerely

John Bradley Secretary

2/11/2023

Encl.



Official - Sensitive

#### Response provided by the Secretary, DEECA - continued

# DEECA management actions - Performance audit - Contractors and consultants in the VPS Spending.docx

**DEECA Management Actions** 



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State
Government and Climate Acti

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#### Response provided by the Secretary, DEECA – continued



#### Response provided by the Secretary, DFFH



Department of Families, Fairness and Housing

50 Lonsdale Street Melbourne Victoria 3000 Telephone: 1300 475 170 GPO Box 1774 Melbourne Victoria 3001 www.dffh.vic.gov.au

BAC-BR-22866

Andrew Greaves Auditor-General Victorian Auditor-General's Office Level 31, 35 Collins Street MELBOURNE VIC 3000

Via e-mail:

CC

Dear Mr Greaves

Thank you for your letter of 19 October 2023, and for providing the Department of Families, Fairness and Housing (the department) with an opportunity to review and respond to the proposed report for the *Contractors and consultants in the Victorian public service: spending* performance audit.

The department notes the findings and recommendations specified in that proposed report and confirms acceptance of those recommendations applicable to the department. The details of the department's proposed actions in relation to each of the recommendations, and when those actions will be completed, is included in the Agency Action Plan.

In particular, the department notes that it has recently implemented a dedicated procurement analytics tool, which is expected to facilitate acquittal of the recommendations, and support the department's continued commitment to transparency through the consistent monitoring and reporting of its contractor and consultancy spending.

Yours sincerely



Peta McCammon Secretary

3/ 11 /2023

Attachment: Agency Action Plan



**OFFICIAL** 

VAGO recommendation	Acceptance	Agreed management actions	Target completion of
Monitor their contractor and consultant spending on a quarterly basis, as a minimum, to understand: trends in expenditure in these categories if they are on track to meet any relevant government policies or targets.		Formalise the reporting framework for contractor and consultant expenditure.	31 December 2023
Review and update their practices and controls for reporting spending data to comply with the <i>Financial Reporting Direction 22</i> .		Review the existing practices and controls for reporting spending data, noting that the Department already complies with the Financial Reporting Direction 22	29 February 2024
		OFFICIAL	

# Response provided by the Secretary, DFFH - continued Review processes for categorising ⊠ Yes The Department has already addressed this Not applicable. contractor and consultant transactions $\square$ No to ensure they accurately report their spending per Financial Reporting Direction 22. ☐ In part $\square$ In principle OFFICIAL



#### **Department of Government Services**

Level 5 1 Macarthur Street East Melbourne Victoria 3002 Telephone: (03) 9651 5111 dgs.vic.gov.au

BSEC-231000841

Mr Andrew Greaves Auditor-General Victorian Auditor-General's Office Level 31 35 Collins Street MELBOURNE VIC 3000

By email:

Dear Auditor-General,

Thank you for your letter dated 19 October 2023, providing the Department of Government Services (DGS) with an opportunity to comment on the proposed performance audit report regarding *Contractors and Consultants in the Victorian Public Service: Spending.* 

While DGS was not an audited agency for this review, I appreciate the findings of your office, and the opportunity to respond to the recommendations made in the report.

As your report notes, DGS' Government Procurement function continues to play its important role in supporting data driven procurement decisions by analysing spend patterns and trends of departments' aggregated spend and producing analytics dashboards to support departments to understand their own spend.

DGS was established in January 2023 and is working to establish an independent financial system. As an interim approach, DGS continues to utilise multiple existing financial systems. As such DGS accepts these recommendations related to its internal monitoring and reporting of contractors, consultants, and labour hire expenditure in principle until such a time that a single DGS' financial system is in place.

Please find responses to the recommendations that relate to DGS enclosed with this letter.

Should you require further information in relation to DGS's response, please contact Steven Wlazly, Chief Financial Officer, DGS via email at

Yours sincerely,

Jo de Morton Secretary 03 / 11 / 2023

Encl. Department of Government Services action plan to address recommendations from Contractors and Consultants in the Victorian Public Service: Spending

Your details will be dealt with in accordance with the Public Records Act 1973 and the Privacy and Data Protection Act 2014. Should you have any queries or wish to gain access to your personal information held by this department please contact our Privacy Officer at the above address.

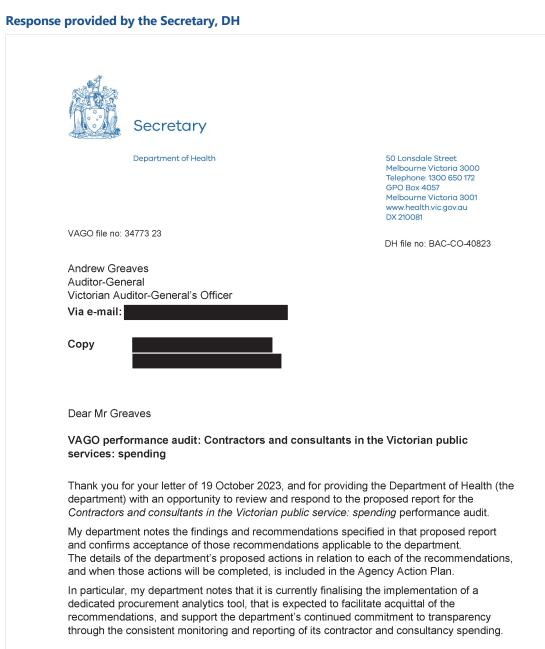
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#### Response provided by the Secretary, DGS – continued

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## Department of Government Services action plan to address recommendations from *Contractors and Consultants in the Victorian Public Service: Spending*

No.	VAGO recommendation	Acceptance	Agreed management actions	Target completion date
1	Monitor their contractor and consultant spending on a quarterly basis, as a minimum, to understand: trends in expenditure in these categories if they are on track to meet any relevant government policies or targets.	☐ Yes☐ No☐ In part☐ In principle	DGS expenditure is currently managed within multiple financial systems.  DGS will review the current data collection systems and processes for reporting under <i>Financial Reporting Direction 22</i> (FRD22).  DGS will assess cost-effective ways of improving the ongoing capture and monitoring of the expenditure.	2025/2026
3	Review and update their practices and controls for reporting spending data to comply with the <i>Financial Reporting Direction 22</i> .	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ In part ☑ In principle	DGS will continue to be compliant with the reporting requirements of the Financial Reporting Directions, including Direction 22.  DGS will review the current data collection systems and processes for reporting under <i>Financial Reporting Direction 22</i> (FRD22).	2025/2026
4	Review processes for categorising contractor and consultant transactions to ensure they accurately report their spending per Financial Reporting Direction 22.	☐ Yes☐ No☐ In part☐ In principle☐	There is merit in undertaking a review of the current data collection processes for reporting under FRD22, and to make an assessment on whether there is a cost-effective way of improving the collection of this information.  The investment required for efficient systems and processes, may not be justified by the benefits of more efficient data collection.	2025/2026



Yours sincerely

Professor Euan M Wallace AM
Secretary

Enc

31/10/2023



#### Response provided by the Secretary, DH – continued

## Department of Health action plan to address recommendations from *Contractors and Consultants in the Victorian Public Service:*Spending

No.	VAGO recommendation	Acceptance	Agreed management actions	Target completion date
1	Monitor their contractor and consultant spending on a quarterly basis, as a minimum, to understand: trends in expenditure in these categories if they are on track to meet any relevant government policies or targets.		The Department of Health is finalising implementation of its procurement analytics dashboards, which will enable repeatable, regular monitoring of key procurement spend categories.  Contractor and consultant expenditure will be monitored quarterly, with consideration of:  1. trends in expenditure for contractors, and for consultants  2. monitoring against any relevant government policies or targets	31 October 2024
3	Review and update their practices and controls for reporting spending data to comply with the <i>Financial Reporting Direction 22</i> .		The Department of Health is finalising implementation of its procurement analytics dashboards, which will enable repeatable, regular monitoring of key procurement spend categories.  This tool will be used for further reporting associated with the Financial Reporting Direction 22.  Reporting will be subject to regular review and validation to ensure data is complete and accurate.	31 October 2024

**OFFICIAL:** Sensitive

#### Response provided by the Secretary, DH - continued The Department of Health is finalising implementation 31 October 2024 Review processes for categorising $\boxtimes$ Yes contractor and consultant transactions of its procurement analytics dashboards, which will $\square$ No to ensure they accurately report their enable repeatable, regular monitoring of key ☐ In part spending per Financial Reporting procurement spend categories. $\square$ In principle Direction 22. This tool will consistently manage the categorisation of contractor spend and support accurate contractor and consultancy expenditure reporting. Document key procedures for recording ⊠ Yes The Department of Health is finalising implementation 31 October 2024 and reporting contractor and consultant of its procurement analytics dashboards, which will ☐ No spending to ensure the process is enable repeatable, regular monitoring of key $\square$ In part repeatable. procurement spend categories. $\square$ In principle Procedures for recording and reporting contract and consultant spending will leverage that tool, and will be documented to ensure the process is repeatable.

**OFFICIAL: Sensitive** 

#### Response provided by the Secretary, DJCS



#### Department of Justice and Community Safety

Secretary

Level 26 121 Exhibition Street Melbourne Victoria 3000 Telephone: (03) 8684 0501 justice.vic.gov.au

Our ref: 23094086

Mr Andrew Greaves	
Auditor-General	
Via email:	

#### Proposed report: Contractors and consultants in the VPS: spending

Dear Mr Greaves

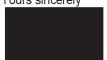
Thank you for your letter of 19 October inviting final comment on the proposed report for the performance audit: Contractors and consultants in the Victorian Public Service: spending.

The Department of Justice and Community Safety (the department) is committed to accurate, timely and transparent reporting of its spend on contractors and consultants in compliance with *Financial Reporting Direction 22a*, and to meeting its 2018 reduction targets.

The department accepts the three recommendations directed to all departments. The department's action plan to address these recommendations is attached.

If you have any questions or require further information, please contact Julianne Brennan Executive Director, Governance and Assurance at

Yours sincerely



Kate Houghton PSM Secretary

10/11/2023



#### Response provided by the Secretary, DJCS – continued

#### **DJCS** action plan

Contractors and consultants in the VPS: spending



Rec #	VAGO recommends that DJCS:	Response	Action #	DJCS will:	Ву:
1	Monitor their contractor and consultant spending on a quarterly basis, as a minimum, to understand trends in expenditure in these categories and if they are on track to meet any relevant government policies or targets.	Accept	1.1	Completed. Continue to report on contractor and consultant spend on a quarterly basis.	30-Nov-23
3	Review and update their practices and controls for reporting spending data to comply with the Financial Reporting Direction 22.	Accept	3.1	Review existing practices and controls related to <i>Financial Reporting Direction 22</i> reporting.	30-Jun-24
4	Review processes for categorising contractor and consultant transactions to ensure they accurately report their spending per <i>Financial Reporting Direction 22</i> .	Accept	4.1	Review existing recording and reporting controls and processes to identify opportunities to automate and streamline, where possible, and reduce the risk of errors.	31-Oct-24

Page 1 of 1



#### Response provided by the Secretary, DJSIR



### Department of Jobs, Skills, Industry and Regions

GPO Box 4509 Melbourne ,Victoria 3001 Australia Telephone: +61 3 9651 9999

Ref: CSEC-2-23-21946

Mr Andrew Greaves Auditor General Victorian Auditor General's Office Level 31, 35 Collins Street MELBOURNE VICTORIA 3000

Dear Mr Greaves

## PROPOSED PERFORMANCE AUDIT REPORT CONTRACTORS AND CONSULTANTS IN THE VICTORIAN PUBLIC SERVICE: SPENDING

Thank you for your letter of 19 October 2023 on the Proposed Performance Audit Report Contractors and Consultants in the Victorian Public Service: Spending.

The Department of Jobs, Skills, Industry and Regions (the department) supports VAGO's recommendations and will continue to foster best practices for strengthening its controls regarding contractors and consultants. Enclosed with this correspondence is a document indicating the actions the department will take in relation to each of the relevant recommendations and target completion dates.

I appreciate the professional way this review has been conducted.

If you require further information, please contact Karan Gill, Chief Audit Officer on

or .

Yours sincerely



Tim Ada Secretary

Date: 31/10/2023



#### Response provided by the Secretary, DJSIR - continued

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Department of Jobs, Skills, Industry and Regions action plan to address recommendations from *Contractors and Consultants in the Victorian Public Service: Spending* 

No.	VAGO recommendation	Acceptance	Agreed management actions	Target completion date
1	Monitor their contractor and consultant spending on a quarterly basis, as a minimum, to understand:  trends in expenditure in these categories  if they are on track to meet any relevant government policies or targets.	⊠ Yes □ No □ In part □ In principle	The department currently monitors and reports contractor and consultant spend and will continue to do so by providing quarterly updates to the Procurement Committee which will include trends on contractor and consultant expenditure.  The Procurement Committee is a sub-committee of the department's Executive Board. It provides strategic oversight and direction for the department's major procurement and oversees the department's compliance with department and government requirements.  The department will include in its report whether it is on track to meet relevant policies or targets in relation to contractor and consultant spend.	June 2024
3	Review and update their practices and controls for reporting spending data to comply with the <i>Financial Reporting Direction 22</i> .	⊠ Yes     □ No     □ In part     □ In principle	DJSIR's Annual Report 2022-23 includes all required information in compliance with Financial Reporting Direction 22.  This includes reporting the total number and total expenditure on consultancies in the body of the annual report. In prior years, this information was made publicly available on the department's website.	Completed in October 2023

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#### Response provided by the Secretary, DJSIR – continued

		The updated practice also includes a summary of each consultancy that was engaged instead of a generic description that was provided in prior years. This information will be available on the department's website.	
1	Review processes for categorising contractor and consultant transactions to ensure they accurately report their spending per Financial Reporting Direction 22.	The department has existing processes for categorising contractor and consultant transactions to accurately report spend in compliance with <i>Financial Reporting Direction 22</i> . This includes:  • information available for staff;  • systems for capturing and reporting on contractor and consultant spend information such as contract records, purchase orders and tax invoices; and  • internal review processes.  To enhance reporting accuracy, the department will review current processes for categorising contractor and consultant transactions to look for further improvement opportunities.	June 2024
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		OFFICIAL	

#### Response provided by the Acting Secretary, DPC



1 Treasury Place Melbourne, Victoria 3002 Australia Telephone: 03 9651 5111 dpc.vic.gov.au

BSEC-231000679

Andrew Greaves Auditor-General Victorian Auditor-General's Office Level 31, 35 Collins Street MELBOURNE VIC 3000

Dear Mr Greaves

Thank you for your letter dated 19 October 2023, providing the Department of Premier and Cabinet (DPC) with an opportunity to comment on the proposed performance audit report regarding the Contractors and Consultants in the Victorian Public Service: Spending performance audit.

DPC appreciates the audit findings and has developed an action plan to respond to the recommendations made in the report. Please find responses to the recommendations that relate to DPC enclosed with this letter.

Should you require further information in relation to DPC's response, please contact Anthony Bale, Chief Financial Officer, DPC via email at

Yours sincerely

Emma Cassar Acting Secretary

3/11/2023

Your details will be dealt with in accordance with the Public Records Act 1973 and the Privacy and Data Protection Act 2014. Should you have any queries or wish to gain access to your personal information held by this department please contact our Privacy Officer at the above address.



#### Response provided by the Acting Secretary, DPC – continued

OFFICIAL: Sensitive

## Department of Premier and Cabinet action plan to address recommendations from *Contractors and Consultants in the Victorian Public Service: Spending*

No.	VAGO recommendation	Acceptance	Agreed management actions	Target completion date
1	Monitor their contractor and consultant spending on a quarterly basis, as a minimum, to understand:  trends in expenditure in these categories  if they are on track to meet any relevant government policies or targets.	⊠ Yes     □ No     □ In part     □ In principle	DPC will continue to monitor the Department's spend on Consultants and Contractors through its Board of Management. A section of the Finance Board Report reports spend against:  Consultants Contractors Labour Hire The DPC Finance report is produced monthly, except during year end for the July and August reporting periods. DPC will include any Government targets in this reporting as they are approved.	December 2023
3	Review and update their practices and controls for reporting spending data to comply with the Financial Reporting Direction 22.	⊠ Yes     □ No     □ In part     □ In principle	DPC will continue to be compliant with the reporting requirements of the Financial Reporting Directions, including Direction 22.	September 2023

#### Response provided by the Acting Secretary, DPC – continued

	OFFICIA	L: Sensitive		
ļ	Review processes for categorising contractor and consultant transactions to ensure they accurately report their spending per Financial Reporting Direction 22.		DPC will review the current processes for capturing and recording transactions related to contractors, consultants, and labour hire, and make any necessary improvements to ensure transactions continue to be accurately reflected in reporting the categories as required by Financial Reporting Direction 22.	30 June 2024
	1			I

#### Response provided by the Secretary, DTF



#### Department of Treasury and Finance

1 Treasury Place Melbourne Victoria 3002 Australia Telephone: +61 3 9651 5111 dtf.vic.gov.au

D23/173388

Mr Andrew Greaves Auditor-General Level 31/35 Collins Street MELBOURNE VIC 3000

Dear Mr Greaves

## PROPOSED REPORT – PERFORMANCE AUDIT: CONTRACTORS AND CONSULTANTS IN THE VICTORIAN PUBLIC SERVICE: SPENDING

Thank you for the opportunity to respond to the proposed report for the performance audit Contractors and Consultants in the Victorian Public Service: Spending.

The DTF response to your recommendations is attached, along with an action plan outlining how the department will seek to implement the responses. DTF accepts, in full or in principle, all recommendations.

DTF complies with the reporting requirements of Financial Reporting Direction 22 and has existing processes to categorise contractors and consultants for publication in its annual report. Notwithstanding this, DTF acknowledges there are opportunities to improve the efficiency of the data collection practices.

Thank you again for the opportunity to respond to the proposed report.

Pours sincerely

David Martine

Secretary

6 / / / / 2023



#### Response provided by the Secretary, DTF – continued

Attachment 1 - Letter from DTF Secretary to Auditor-General - Contractors and Consultants in the Victorian Public Service: Spending performance audit

#### DTF action plan to address recommendations from Contractors and Consultants in the Victorian Public Service: Spending

Number	VAGO recommendation	Acceptance	Agreed management actions	Target completion date
1	Monitor their contractor and consultant spending on a quarterly basis, as a minimum, to understand:  trends in expenditure in these categories  if they are on track to meet any relevant government policies or targets	Accept	Review the current data collection systems and processes for reporting under <i>Financial Reporting Direction 22</i> (FRD22).      Implement revised and more regular monitoring arrangements.	June 2024  • With the aim to implement monitoring arrangements in the following financial years
2 (DTF specific)	Assess whether changing Financial Reporting Direction 22 to require departments to include both contractor and consultant spend in their annual report would increase transparency on government spending, and advise government accordingly.	Accept	<ul> <li>DTF agrees to coordinate, together with other relevant departments, an assessment of a potential change in the current reporting requirements for contractors and consultants with the view to improving public transparency.</li> </ul>	June 2024
3	Review and update their practices and controls for reporting spending data to comply with the <i>Financial Reporting Direction 22</i> .	Accept	As outlined in the report, DTF currently complies with the reporting requirements under FRD22.     DTF will continue to review, on a regular basis, the practices and controls to ensure compliance with reporting requirements under FRD22.	Not applicable  Given existing practices and controls are compliant, no immediate action is required  DTF will continue to monitor its compliance with FRD22 as part of BAU
4	Review processes for categorising contractor and consultant transactions to ensure they accurately report their spending per Financial Reporting Direction 22.	Accept in principle	<ul> <li>There is merit in undertaking a review of the current data collection processes for reporting under FRD22, and to make an assessment on whether there is a cost-effective way of improving the collection of this information.</li> <li>Additional investment may be required for more efficient systems and processes.</li> </ul>	June 2024  Improvements, if any, will be dependent on the cost effectiveness of any proposed system or process improvement solutions

#### Response provided by the Secretary, DTP



#### Department of Transport and Planning

GPO Box 2392 Melbourne, Victoria 3001 Australia

Ref: BSEC-1-23-4752

Mr Andrew Greaves Auditor-General of Victoria Victorian Auditor-General's Office Level 31, 35 Collins Street MELBOURNE VIC 3000

Dear Mr Greaves

Victorian Auditor-General's Office - Contractors and Consultants in the VPS: Spending - Proposed Report

Thank you for your letter of 19 October 2023 enclosing the proposed report *Contractors and Consultants in the Victorian public service: spending.* 

The Department of Transport and Planning (DTP) has reviewed the proposed report and acknowledges the report's findings and observations, including DTP's favourable performance in relation to the other deep-dive departments.

DTP notes the three recommendations raised for all agencies and advises that it has completed one recommendation. As DTP is already investigating solutions to automate and improve reporting on contractor and consultant spend, the remaining two recommendations are accepted in principle. DTP's action plan is enclosed with this letter.

DTP is committed to building a capable, connected and diverse workforce and will continue to comply with directions and guidance provided by the Department of Treasury and Finance.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the report.

Yours sincerely



Paul Younis
Secretary
Department of Transport and Planning

3 November 2023

Enc: DTP Action Management Plan - Contractors and consultants in the Victorian public

service: spending





#### Contractors and Consultants in the Victorian Public Service: Spending

**Department of Transport and Planning – Action plan** 

No.	VAGO Recommendation	DTP Action	Due date
1	Monitor their contractor and consultant spending on a quarterly basis, as a minimum, to understand:  trends in expenditure in these categories  if they are on track to meet any relevant government policies or targets.	Accepted in principle  DTP will continue to meet its annual reporting obligations.  DTP will investigate automating the process to enable quarterly reporting.	1 Dec 2024
3	Review and update their practices and controls for reporting spending data to comply with the <i>Financial Reporting Direction 22</i> .	Accepted  DTP has reviewed and updated its reporting practices for reporting contractor and consultant spending data to comply with the Financial Reporting Direction 22.  The DTP FY 22-23 annual report includes:  Total number of consultants used under \$10,000 and over \$10,000.  Total spend on consultants used under \$10,000 and over \$10,000.  Details of each consultant spend over \$10,000 including a list of: vendor, project summary, total project fees, spend for the reporting period and future spend.  Information on where this information is recorded.	Complete
4	Review processes for categorising contractor and consultant transactions to ensure they accurately report their spending per <i>Financial Reporting Direction 22</i> .	Accepted in principle  DTP will update the process and procedure for categorising contractor and consultant transactions to add an additional layer of review, where the assessment of category is 'not specified'.	28 Feb 2024

Department of Transport and Planning – Action plan Contractors and Consultants in the Victorian Public Service: Spending

Page 1

#### Response provided by the Commissioner, VPSC



3 Treasury P ace East Me bourne Victoria 3002 Austra ia 03 9922 8600 ABN 28-854-390-770 vpsc.vic.qov.au

Andrew Greaves Auditor-General Victorian Auditor-General's Office

Dear Andrew,

## Proposed Performance Audit Report Contractors and Consultants in the Victorian Public Service: Spending

Thank you for sending through the proposed *Contractors and Consultants in the Victorian Public Service: Spending* performance audit.

We acknowledge and thank you for incorporating the feedback raised by the VPSC in response to the provisional draft of the report.

While the report does not make any recommendations for the VPSC, and although VPSC's reporting function in this space has ceased, we will of course continue to work closely with all departments to improve the public service's capability and capacity to deliver functions that may otherwise have been outsourced.

Yours sincerely,



**Brigid Monagle** 

Commissioner

30/10/2023

We hand e a  $\,$  your information in  $\,$  ine with our privacy po icy at  $\,$  <code>vpsc.vic.gov.au/privacy.</code>

VICTORIA State Government

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## Appendix B: Abbreviations, acronyms and glossary

#### **Abbreviations**

We use the following abbreviation in this report:

#### **Abbreviation**

Financial Reporting Direction 22 Financial Reporting Direction 22: Standard disclosures in the Report of Operations

#### Acronyms

We use the following acronyms in this report:

#### Acronym

DE	Department of Education
DEECA	Department of Energy, Environment and Climate Action
DFFH	Department of Families, Fairness and Housing
DGS	Department of Government Services
DH	Department of Health
DJCS	Department of Justice and Community Safety
DJSIR	Department of Jobs, Skills, Industry and Regions
DPC	Department of Premier and Cabinet
DTF	Department of Treasury and Finance
DTP	Department of Transport and Planning
Fol	freedom of information
VAGO	Victorian Auditor-General's Office
VPSC	Victorian Public Sector Commission
VSB	Victorian Secretaries' Board

#### Glossary

This glossary includes an explanation of the types of engagements we perform:

#### Term

Reasonable assurance	We achieve reasonable assurance by obtaining and verifying direct evidence from a variety of internal and external sources about an agency's performance. This enables us to express an opinion or draw a conclusion against an audit objective with a high level of assurance. We call these audit engagements.
	See our <u>assurance services fact sheet</u> for more information.
Limited assurance	We obtain less assurance when we rely primarily on an agency's representations and other evidence generated by that agency. However, we aim to have enough confidence in our conclusion for it to be meaningful. We call these types of engagements assurance reviews and typically express our opinions in negative terms. For example, that nothing has come to our attention to indicate there is a problem.
	See our <u>assurance services fact sheet</u> for more information.

# Appendix C: Audit scope and method

#### Scope of this audit

## Who we examined

We examined the following agencies:

#### Agency Their key responsibilities

- DE reporting spend on contractors and consultants
   DH Comply with financial reporting directions and frameworks
- DHDFFH
- DJCS
- DJSIR
- DTP
- DPC

#### DTF

- Support the government to budget and financially manage the delivery of its services
- Provide economic and financial leadership to the public service
- Issue Financial Reporting Direction 22, which defines contractor and consultant and details the reporting requirements for department spend on these services in their annual reports

VPSC

• Collect, analyse and report department data against government spending reduction targets between 2019 and 2022 for professional services and labour hire to the responsible minister

## Our audit objective

To determine whether departments accurately record, properly monitor and transparently report their spending on contractors and consultants.

## What we examined

We examined if departments reliably collect, classify and report their transactions on contractors and consultants.

We included DTF for its whole-of-government role and the VPSC for its role in coordinating responses about departments spending reduction target progress.

#### Conducting this audit

## Assessing performance

To form our conclusion against our objective we used the used the following lines of inquiry and associated evaluation criteria:

Line of inquiry		Criteria	
1.	Do departments collect and accurately record data on non-construction contractor and consultant spend?	1.1 Do departments collect and record data on contractor and consultant spend in line with legislative obligations?	
		1.2 Do departments consistently classify their contractor and consultant spend to assist with reporting obligations?	
		1.3 What is the total spend by departments on contractors and consultants?	
2.	Is agency and whole-of-government reporting on non-construction contractor and consultant spend transparent and accessible?	2.1 Are department reports easily understood in terms of how mu has been spent on contractors and consultants annually, and a these readily available to Parliament and the community?	
3.	Are departments effectively monitoring spend against government targets relating to eligible categories for labour hire and professional services?	3.1 Do departments track and monitor spend against government targets to reduce spending on contractors and consultants?	
		3.2 Does the VPSC monitor and verify agency progress against government targets to reduce their spending on contractors a consultants?	

#### Our methods

As part of the audit we:

- reviewed departments' policies and procedures
- reviewed the financial management reporting framework and guidance material
- analysed datasets from departments' annual reports and the accounts payable general ledger.

## Transaction testing

To determine the reliability of department data, we reviewed 3 departments' invoice data to see if they were classifying 'contractor' or 'consultant' as required by Financial Reporting Direction 22. We chose DE, DH and DTP to review because they spent the most on contractors and consultants in the year we looked at.

We looked at the top 50 per cent of invoices from 2021–22 for Deloitte, PwC, KPMG, EY and the Boston Consulting Group. These firms account for about 60 per cent of departmental spending on contractors and consultants. Not all departments had contracts for each consultancy firm in the relevant period.

We chose 2021–22 because it is a recent year and one that was unaffected by machinery-of-government changes for the departments. This means it was simpler to assess the accuracy of what departments' transactions belonged to.

Some departments, particularly DH, were still affected by the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. This resulted in higher-than-usual use of contractors and consultants because DH needed to respond to the pandemic alongside its existing priorities.

#### Compliance

We conducted our audit in accordance with the *Audit Act 1994* and ASAE 3500 *Performance Engagements* to obtain reasonable assurance to provide a basis for our conclusion.

We also provided a copy of the report to DPC and DTF. We complied with the independence and other relevant ethical requirements related to assurance engagements.

#### Cost and time

The full cost of the audit and preparation of this report was \$860,000.

The duration of the audit was 14 months from initiation to tabling.

# Auditor-General's reports tabled during 2023–24

Report title	Tabled
Cybersecurity: Cloud Computing Products (2023–24: 1)	August 2023
Responses to Performance Engagement Recommendations: Annual Status Update 2023 (2023–24: 2)	August 2023
Eloque: the Joint Venture Between DoT and Xerox (2023–24: 3)	October 2023
Domestic Building Oversight Part 1: Regulation (2023–24: 4)	November 2023
Employee Health and Wellbeing in Victorian Public Hospitals (2023–24: 5)	November 2023
Reducing the Illegal Disposal of Asbestos (2023–24: 6)	November 2023
Auditor-General's Report on the Annual Financial Report of the State of Victoria: 2022–23 (2023–24: 7)	November 2023
Contractors and Consultants in the Victorian Public Service: Spending (2023–24: 8)	November 2023

All reports are available for download in PDF and HTML format on our website at <a href="https://www.audit.vic.gov.au">https://www.audit.vic.gov.au</a>

## Our role and contact details

The Auditor-General's role For information about the Auditor-General's role and VAGO's work, please see our online fact sheet <u>About VAGO</u>.

Our assurance services

Our online fact sheet <u>Our assurance services</u> details the nature and levels of assurance that we provide to Parliament and public sector agencies through our work program.

**Contact details** 

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